



Circular Economy and Pollution

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- Going circular and zero-pollution: building the case
- <u>EU's ambition</u> to lead a global transition to the CE and the fight against pollution
 Q & A
- National level processes: towards a circular economy and a healthier planet for all
- Circular economy intervention areas: examples in priority value chains, and in cities
 Q & A
- Closing points



Going circular and zero pollution:

building the case



Why circular and zero pollution?



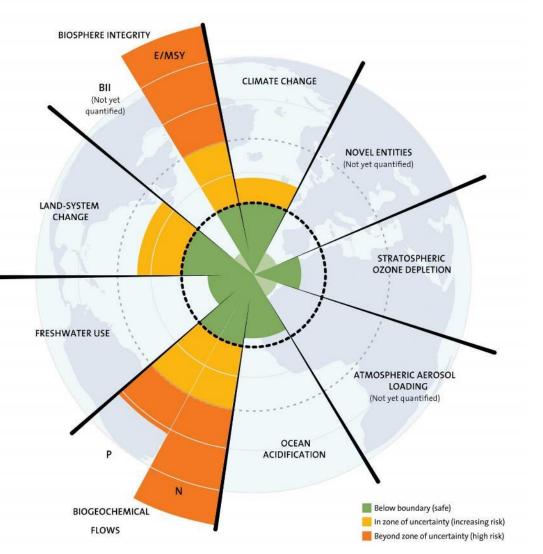


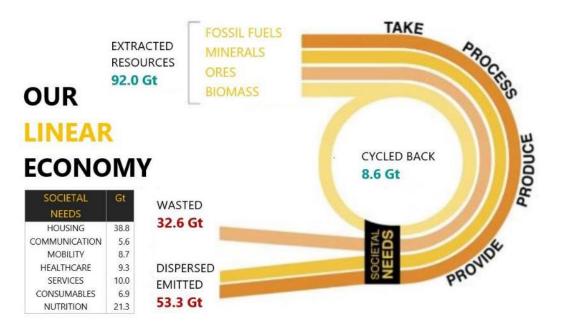
Global trends and challenges



Disruption and public unrest

Why the urgency?





Source: https://www.circularity-gap.world/



Circular economy transition opportunities

Fostering greener and more resilient value chains



Job creation: in waste management, digitalisation, materials innovation

Protecting nature: addressing resource scarcity, biodiversity loss, climate change





Eliminating Pollution / Waste to avoid costs and create new revenue streams



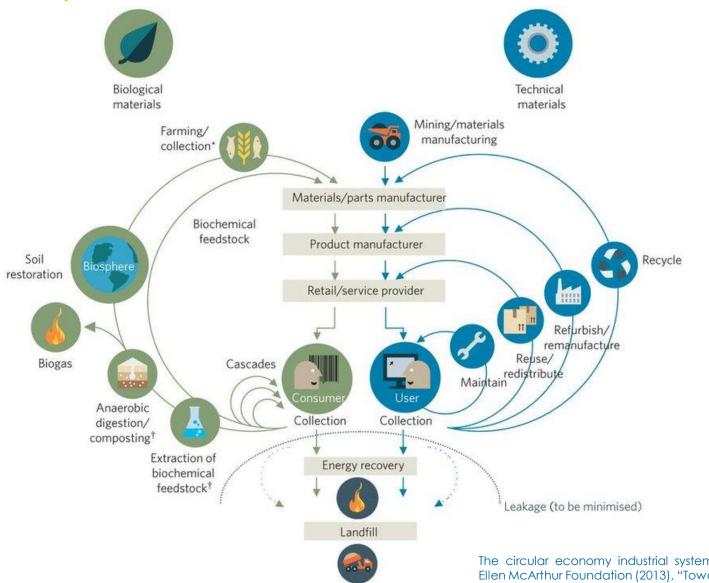
A pathway to sustainable development



Graph adapted from European Environment Agency, 'Resource efficient green economy and EU policies', Report No. 2/2014.



Understanding the circular economy:



Two **material** cycles:

- *biological cycle*: residues are а. returned to nature after use;
- b. *technical cycle*: products, components or materials are designed and marketed to minimise wastage



The circular economy industrial system diagram, adopted from the Ellen McArthur Foundation (2013), "Towards the circular economy"

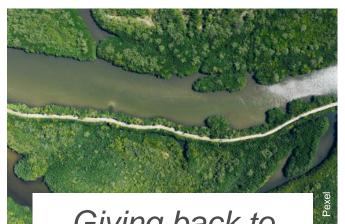
How to achieve circularity: The principles



Less Waste: Design out waste and pollution



Products and materials in use: Design longlasting, easy-toreuse products, change attitudes



Giving back to Nature: Regenerate natural systems





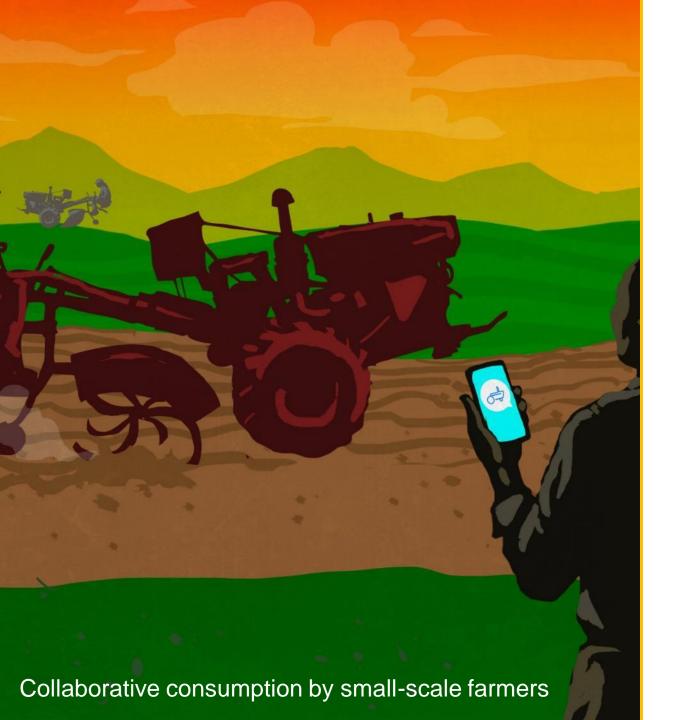
CE and zero-pollution in practice

Recycling Buildings

- **Technology**: Construction materials from demolition waste
- Policy: Construction & Demolition
 Waste Management Regulation
- Economy: profitable C&DW products
- Society: Sustainable Housing

switchasia





CE in practice

Hello Tractor

- Farmers share the use of tractors
- App or Booking agents enable farmers access tractor services
- Improves productivity
- Reduces investment costs
- Offers security (asset tracking & virtual monitoring

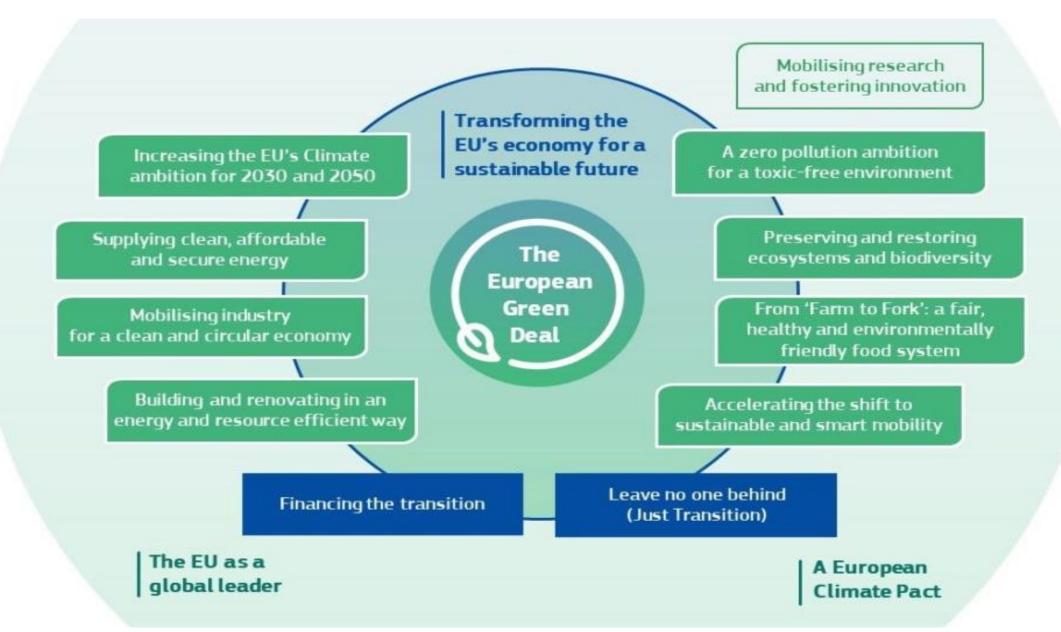


The EU ambition:

leading a global transition to the circular economy and the global fight against pollution



A cross-cutting priority of the Green Deal



A comprehensive framework

2015	2017	2018	2019	2020
 <u>1st EU CEAP</u> 2030 Agenda 	 New Consensus Prosperity through Trade and Investment Updating the EU Strategy on Aid for Trade 	 Connecting Europe and Asia Africa – Europe Alliance for Sustainable Investment and Jobs 	 EU, LA and Caribbean: joining forces for a common future EU and Central Asia: New Opportunities for a Stronger Partnership 	 Green Deal Comprehensive strategy with Africa CEAP 2.0



Circular Economy Action Plan

The European Green Deal

#EUGreenDeal

A strong global dimension

- High ambition to drive the global transition through measures at global level
- Possible impacts on third countries through new sustainability requirements for products and services
- Contributions to Policy Coherence for Development



CEAP 2.0: Main actions

Sustainable Product Policy Framework

- Design sustainable products
- Empower consumers
- Circularity in production processes

Key Product Value Chains

- Electronics / ICT
- Batteries and Vehicles
- Packaging
- Plastics
- Textiles
- Construction and Buildings
- Food, water

Less Waste, More Value

- Waste reduction and circularity
- Reduce the use of hazardous substances
- Market for secondary raw materials
- Addressing
 waste exports

Circular Economy for People, Regions, Cities

- Support skills development
- Supporting CE through cohesion policy funds, the Just Transition Mechanism and urban initiatives



CEAP 2.0: Measures at Global level

The European Green Deal

- Lead by example
- Use diplomacy, trade, development cooperation and other external policies
- Set standards for sustainable growth across global value chains



A Zero Pollution Action Plan: pathway for a healthy planer for all



- Air: reduce by more than 55 % premature deaths caused by air pollution
- Water: reduce waste, plastic litter at sea by 50 % and microplastics released into the environment by 30 %
- Soil: reduce nutrient losses and chemical pesticides' use by 50 %
- Biodiversity: reduce by 25 % the EU ecosystems where air pollution threatens biodiversity



Noise: reduce by 30 % the share of people chronically disturbed by transport noise



Waste: reduce significantly total waste generation and by 50 % residual municipal waste



Key actions in the zero-pollution action plan



Improve human health and well-being



Living within our planetary boundaries



Boost change across society



Zero pollution from production and consumption



Implement and enforce pollution laws more strictly



Minimise the EU's external pollution footprint and promote change globally



Track progress and mainstream zero pollution



Zero Pollution Action Plan: Measures at Global level

EU external action combining Green Deal diplomacy, development policy, trade and investments Cooperate with enlargement partners, closest neighbours, G20

Multilateral level: Post-2020 framework on chemicals and waste, International Conventions, Global plastics Agreement on Plastics Integrate zeropollution in EU external action programmes: circular economy, cities, energy, water, health, mobility, agriculture...

Minimize the EU's external pollution footprint: restrict exports of certain products and waste with harmful impacts

Global action on the export of ELVs / informal recycling of lead acid batteries Promote a stronger health and pollution agenda internationally

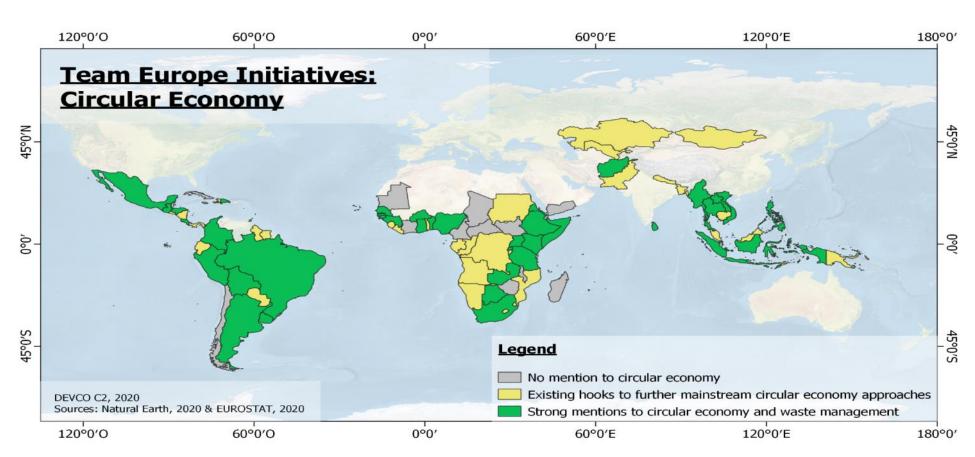
Address pollution through Post-2020 global framework on biodiversity



Integrate CE and zero-pollution in our programmes

- Current contributions mainly through green business development (e.g. SWITCH to Green) and cities (e.g. EIP sustainable cities guarantees)
- Encouraging attention to CE in the programming and TEI development

Integrate CE & zeropollution in EU dialogues/ programmes

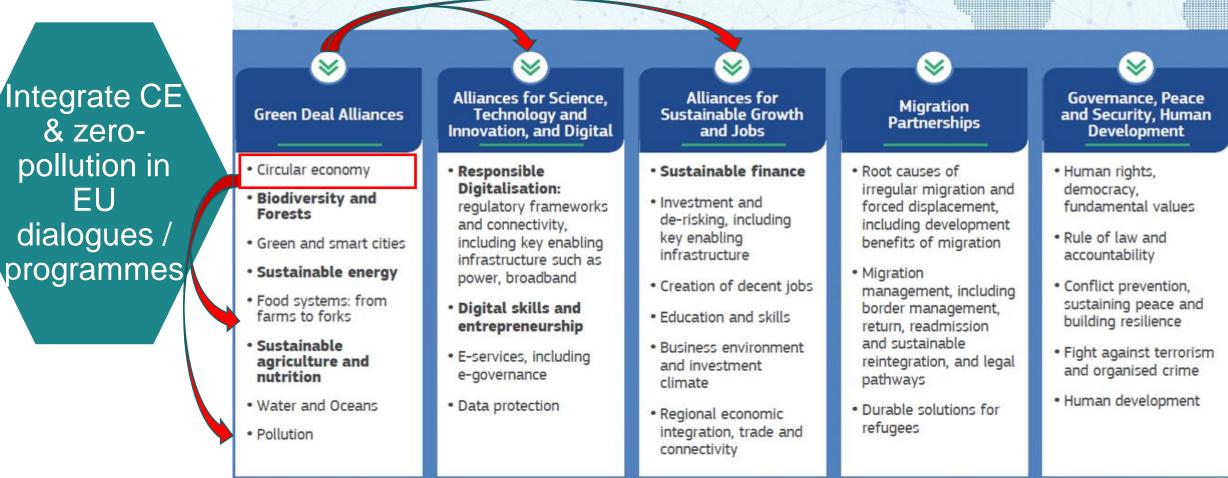


Integrate CE and zero-pollution in our programmes

A Geopolitical Commission: a Stronger Europe in the World

INTERNATIONAL PARTNERSHIPS

Objetive: SDGs, Poverty Eradication, Addressing Inequalities by Building Inclusive and Sustainable Societies



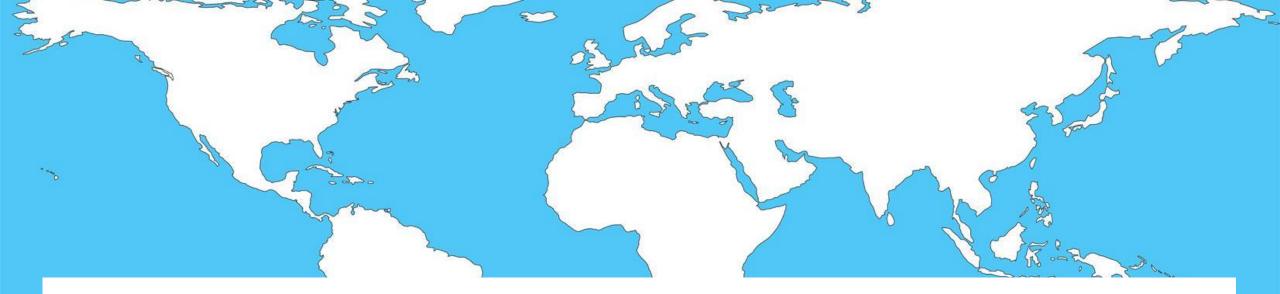
Questions & Answers I



National level processes towards circular economy

How to get partner countries engaged in CE processes





Partner countries go circular: the stories behind...

- Over 65 countries globally are currently pursuing green growth or green economy strategies
- A Circular Economy transition is being actively supported in an increasing number of partner countries

Available at: <u>www.switchtogreen.eu</u> (and soon on Cap4Development)





Ecuador is a country of great natural riches and a growing economy, facing the challenges that come with the intensification of industrial activity and changing consumption patterns. For instance, only 6% of the produced waste is recycled nationwide (National Institute of Statistics and Census, 2018). Despite a number of initiatives aiming at improving resource extraction and use, sustainable consumption, reuse of waste materials to manufacture new products, and energy efficiency over the last decade, the concept of circular economy (CE), as such, has until recently been very rarely known in the country.



Important foundations for a circular policy framework were laid down between 2014 and 2018, as circular economy related concepts were integrated in key national legislation. Ecuador's turn towards a circular economy future is manifested in strategic policy initiatives like the National Strategy and Action Plan for the Circular Economy Transition (due mid 2021), the Law for the Circular Economy (under approval by the National Assembly). and the endorsed National Development Plan 2017 2021 ("Toda una Vida") which embraces principles of the circular and the bio economy, encouraging recycling and extending product lifetime. Ongoing policy processes include the Law for Extended Producer Responsibility, a specific normative for electronic wastle (expected to be adopted in 2021), and updates to the legislation on non recyclable plastics.

The Roadmap – how Ecuador is turning circular

Integrating circular economy approaches into different policy processes: With the establishment of the National Solid Waste Management Working Group (2014), circular economy considerations were duly integrated into Ecuador's debates on the Agenda 2030 and on the Action Plan of the National Biodiversity Strategy (2015 2030). In 2015, Ecuador adopted a National Strategy for the Change of the Productive Matrix that aims at a more responsible management of resources, and the adoption of regulations and incentives for higher environmental standards, eco efficiency and environmentally friendly practices. These processes led to the development of more comprehensive policy approaches directly focusing on the CE, such as the Law on CE and the National CE Action plan. ◎ Endorsing multi-stakeholder commitment: Next to leadership of the Vice Pesident's Office shifting to a CE in Ecuador benefited from multi sector participation, engaging both local and national actors from the policy arena, the private sector, the academia and the civil society. Commitment to the Circular Economy (2019), signed by over 330 supporting parties who drive the country's transition to a circular economy, along nine strategic axes, including (among others) industrialisation and use of waste, sustainable and resilient infrastructure, eco design, sustainable business, progressive substitution of plastics and development of CE indicators.



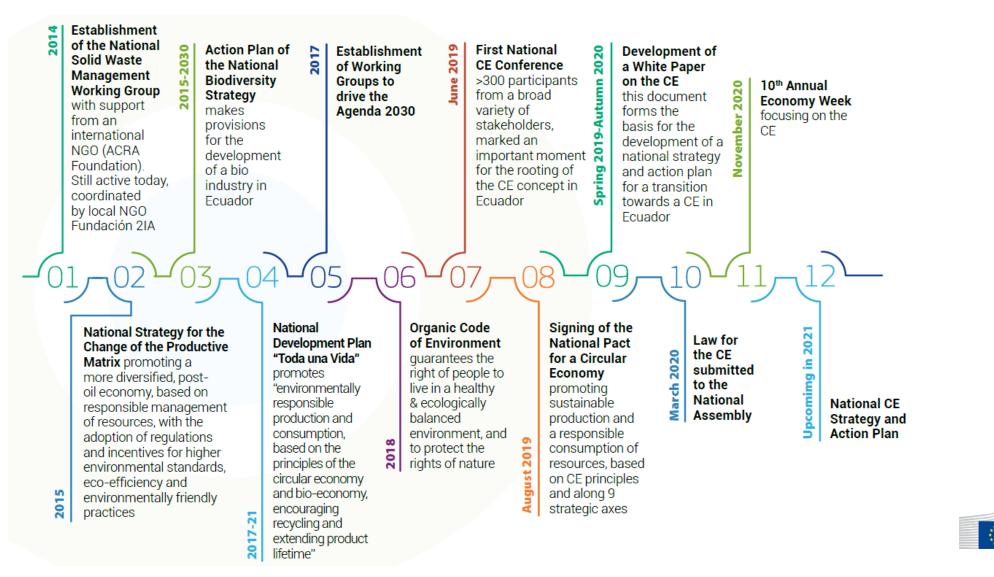
Ecuador's recipe

- Integrating Circular Economy approaches into different policy processes
- Endorsing multi-stakeholder commitment
- Enabling policy and leadership
- Disseminating information and sharing knowledge





Circular economy in Ecuador: Key milestones



European Commission

Ecuador goes circular: Key lessons-learnt

EU commitment to co-lead the Process	impetus to reach milestones	
A champion / key player / influencer	drives the CE transition forward	
Shared understanding of CE	 informed dialogue coherent strategy formulation 	
A deep country and actor analysis	multiple entry points to the CE	
Topics that drive the debate within each sector	actors engage in CE related actions	





TERNACIONAL Economía Circular



PRINCIPALES ORGANIZADORES

Recommendations on EU support AUSPICIAE "Even with little or no dedicated resources, with the right mix of conviction in the importance of a transition to CE, dedication to the process, expertise, open dialogue spaces with key counterparts, a solid communication strategy and a pinch of creativity you can give important impulses to the process and achieve a large impact"

Andrea Ferrari Bravo, Head of Cooperation, EU Delegation to Ecuador

CE in Ecuador



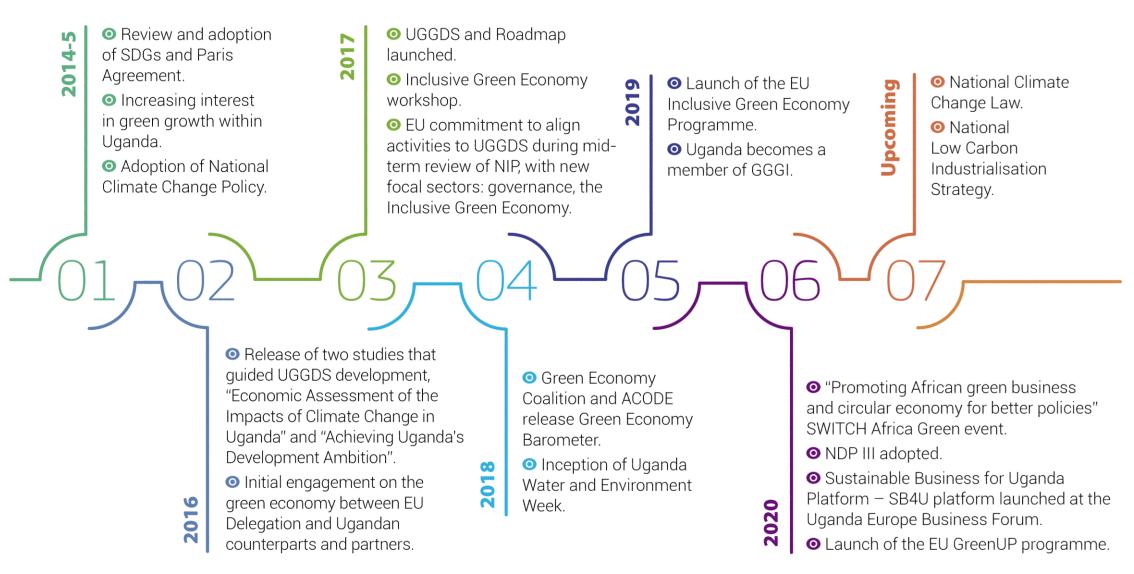


Uganda's recipe

- Translating international targets into national development plans
- Evidence-based decisions / Informing policy decision-making
- Formulating Strategy and Roadmap
- Mainstreaming the GG & CE Agenda
- Harnessing opportunities for cooperation



Circular economy in Uganda: Key milestones



Uganda goes circular: Key lessons-learnt

Experience of partners active in IGE/CE	Navigate the complexity of the green/circular economy environment
A2F / Leverage private sector	Promote synergies across programme
financing	components and value chains
Early start / broad	More detailed agenda as a clear
understanding of the process	definition is more broadly accepted
Shifting to green & circular takes time	Implementation arrangements and conditions for engagement of actors



NGING AGRICULTURE **Agriculture: Sesame** Livelihoods and Organic **Green Business Opportunities** r Young Rural People ORGANIC FERTILIZER

Circular economy in Uganda

Recommendations on EU support

"The green economy focus is topical. There is money to be mobilised. It is the future"

Jean-Baptiste Fauvel, Programme Manager, EU Delegation to Uganda

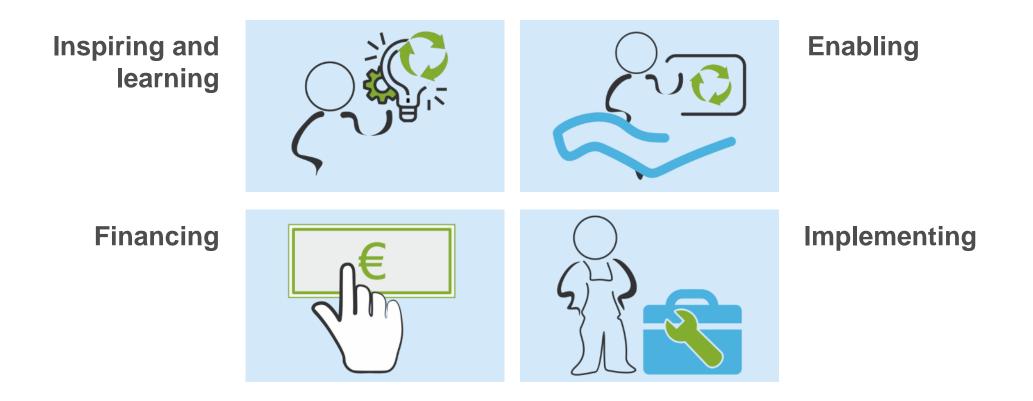


Circular economy intervention areas

Examples in priority value chains, and in cities



Circular economy intervention areas





Building the case for the circular economy



Improve awareness and understanding of the CE potential by businesses and policy makers



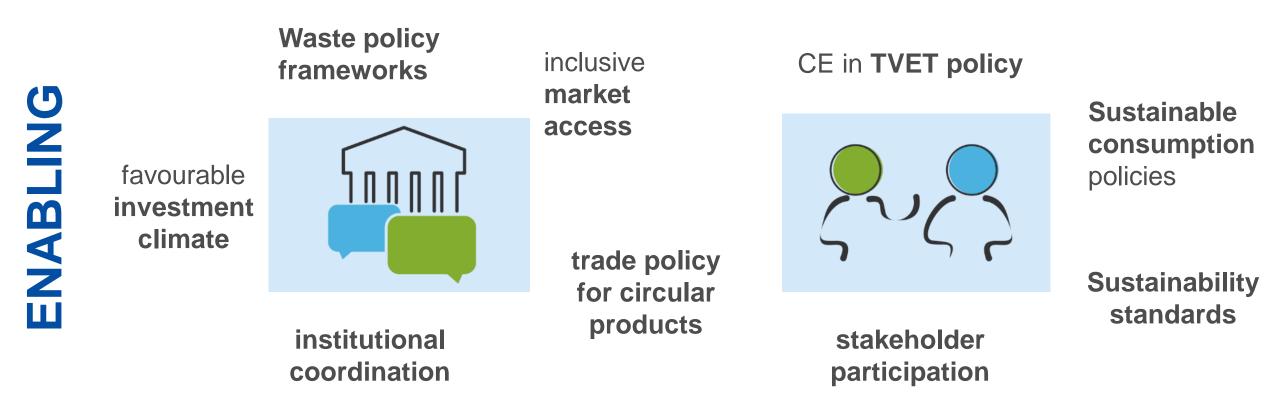
Enhanced dialogue and learning mechanisms on CE



Improved awareness of consumers on the environmental and social impact of the products they buy



Circular Economy policy frameworks

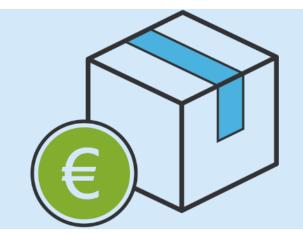




Financing circular economy investments

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financial assessment of CE projects



availability of **CE**related financial products and services for MSMEs / regions and cities



quality of bankable CE projects



Circular economy in key value chains and in regions & cities

Uptake of CE business models by the private sector in key value chains

Improved competitiveness and sustainability of companies adopting CE business models





Uptake of CE practices in regions & cities



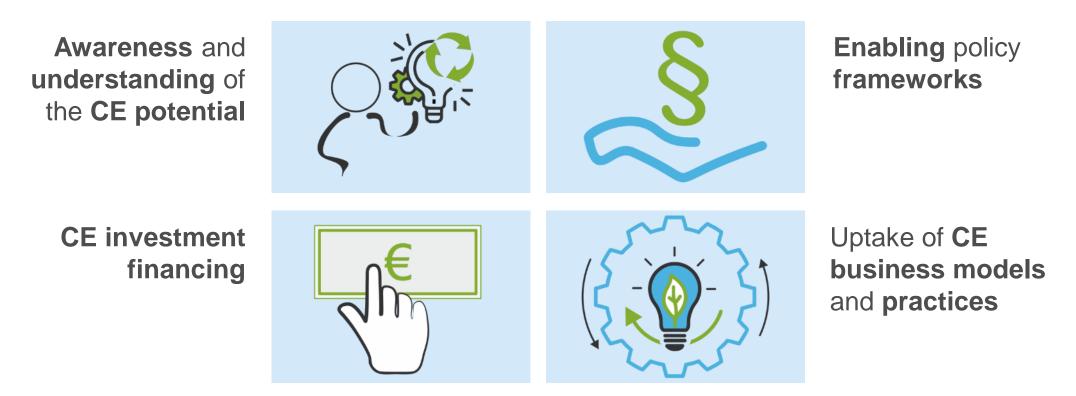


Increased market demand for recycled/re-used goods



Circular economy outcome and impact

a just transition to a climate neutral and circular economy



in key value chains, regions & cities



Results and Indicators for Development



- CE Results chain and indicators guidance
- Inspiring and Learning
- Enabling
- Financing
- Implementing





Promoting a global transition to a green and circular economy





Technical Assistance



Short-term technical assistance, including through country missions



Awareness raising and information sharing

switch2

green

Quality support, technical backstopping and quality reviews



Support to policy dialogue and programme coordination



Capacity building and know-how development and sharing



Development of tools and methodological support

www.switchtogreen.eu



Questions & Answers II



www.switchtogreen.eu

Guidance documents also available in:

capacity4dev.eu (public group on Environment, Climate Change and Green Economy)

Further information





Thank you



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