

Green Deal Country Fiche El Salvador

Population in 2019
6,45 million habitants

Surface
21,0 thousands km²

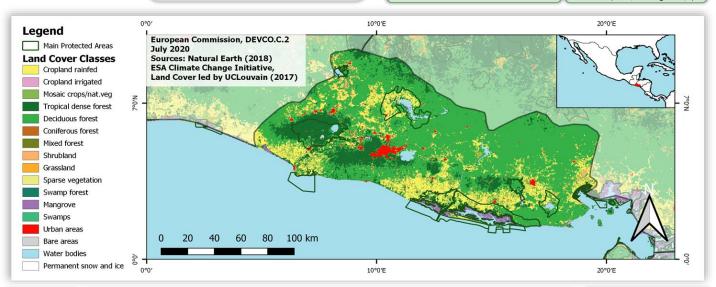
Population density (2019)
307 habitants per km²

Population living below 1,90 \$/day
1,50 % in 2018

Projected population in 2050
6,94 million habitants

GDP per capita
4.187,25 US\$ (2019)

Human Development Index
0,67 (2019, UN target: >0,8)



Share of global emissions (2018) 0,019%

NDC: Mitigation Summary

(NDC from 2017)

INTPA "NDC Group"

Group 3 - Suggested focus on adaptation for EU cooperation

In its COP 23 declaration, El Salvador unconditionally committed to reduce its energy emissions by 46% in 2025 compared to 2015 levels. The NDC includes action on institutional development, water, energy, forest and agriculture.

Pillar Interpretation **Indicator Name and Unit** Value Ecological footprint (Consumption in global hectares per capita, 2017) Above the global sustainable threshold of 1,6 gha per capita 1,99 gh/cap Recycling and composting rate (% of total solid waste, 2017) No or very low rate of recycling and composting (min EU MS = 7%) <5% Water productivity (USD of GDP per m³ of water extracted, 2017) 9.76 \$/m3 Less water efficient than EU average, but within range of EU MS Material footprint (Kg of raw materials used per USD of GDP, 2010) Larger footprint than EU average (0,97), but within range of EU MS 1,38 kg/\$ Sustainable Consumption and Production Policy Framework (2017) D No policy framework for SCP has been reported to the UN Change in emissions (production) vs change in GDP (2007-2017) Relative decoupling: emissions increased, but slower than GDP +2% / +47% Terrestrial protected areas (% of total land area, 2020) Significant efforts are needed to meet CBD Target of 17% by 2020 8.65% Threatened species (% of total evaluated species, 2019) Medium share of threatened species, risk missing SDG target 15.5 4,34% **Biodiversity** Population around protected areas (% total pop., 10km buffer, 2015) Very significant share of population - Landscape approach is key 53,59% Forest area change (% change between 2015 and 2020) SDG Target 15.2 not achieved (halt deforestation by 2020) -3,71 % **Forests** Sustainable forest management (% area with long-term plan, 2020) Significant efforts needed to meet SDG Target 15.2 (100% by 2020) 0,06% Employment in forestry (number of full-time equivalents, 2015) No Data NA Proportion of urban population living in slums (% in 2016) Further efforts needed for SDG Target 11.1 (upgrade by 2030) 22,40% Satisfaction with public transport (% satisfied, 2018) 80,27% High satisfaction with public transport (UN SDSN interpretation) Solid waste uncollected or dumped in the open (% of total, 2017) Further efforts are needed to meet SDG Target 11.6 39% Wastewater receiving primary treatment (% of total) 2,50% Significant efforts needed to ensure at least full primary treatment Urban air pollution (µg/m³ of PM 2.5 particules, 2016) Above EU 2020 target (18μg/m³) but below US Standard (35μg/m³) 23,78 μg/m³ Alignment of national DRR strategies to Sendai Framework (0-1 Score) No Data NA Access to electricity (% of population, 2018) SDG Target 7.1 has been achieved 100,00% Renewable energy (% of total energy consumption, 2016) Higher share of renewables than the EU 2020 target of 20% 21,35% Renewable electricity (% of electricity production, 2015) High share of renewable electricity Sustainable 57,82% Energy Access to clean cooking (% of total population with access, 2018) Further efforts still needed for universal access to clean cooking 88,20% Fossil fuel subsidies (% of GDP, 2015) 1,95% Among Top 20 countries with highest share of FF subsidies globally Energy Intensity (megajoules per constant 2011 PPP GDP, 2017) Energy Intensity within range of EU-MS, below the EU-27 average 3,73 MJ/\$ Rural poverty (% of rural population below 1\$90 a day, 2018) Some efforts needed to achieve SDG Target 1.1 (0% by 2030) 2,90% Food security (% of population in food crisis or worse, 2019) Significant efforts needed to meet SDG Target 2.1 of 0% by 2030 22,00% Nutrition (% of children under 5 who are stunted, 2014) Significant efforts needed to meet SDG Target 2.2 of 0% by 2030 13.60% Fertilizer consumption (kg per hectare, 2016) Within range of EU MS values (below EU overall use of 153 kg/ha) 132,38 kg/ha Land degradation (national area with declining productivity 1999-2013) Progress is still needed to meet SDG Target 15.3 of 0% by 2030 3.90% Agriculture and FOLU share of emissions (% of CO2eq in 2017) Medium share of emissions - Relevant for climate mitigation 26,22% Population using at least basic drinking water (% of pop., 2017) 97.39% Some progress still needed to meet SDG Target 6.1 (100% by 2030) Population using at least basic sanitation services (% of pop., 2017) Further progress needed to meet SDG Target 6.2 (100% by 2030) 87,40% Water Water scarcity (m³ of renewable freshwater per capita, 2014) 2488 m3/cap Water shortages should be only irregular/local (>1700m³/capita) Water stress (water withdrawal as % of total available water, 2014) Low water stress (less than 25% of resource extraction) 11,37% Oceans Marine protected areas (% of total marine area, 2020) Significant efforts needed to achieve CBD Target of 10% by 2020 0,69% Target 14.4 (0% by 2020) not met, significant efforts needed Fish stocks overexploited or collapsed (% of fish stocks, 2014) 100.00%

