





Value Chain Analysis for Development: providing evidence for better policies and operations in agricultural value chains

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THE ROLE OF THE 'HIDDEN MIDDLE' FOR AGRI-FOOD SYSTEMS VALUE CHAIN DYNAMICS



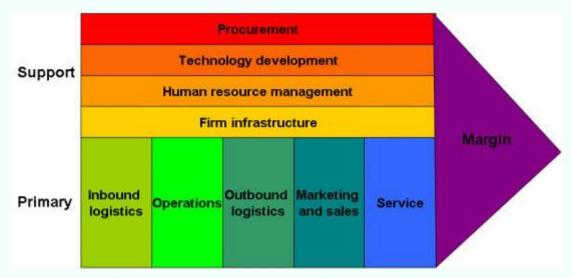
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Question and issues



- 1. How important are midstream activities and agents in selected VCA4D case studies (in terms of the value added share and wage employment generation)?
- 2. What explains the differences in midstream dynamics between 'typical' agri-food value chains configurations?
- 3. How do midstream value chain operations influence the relationships and linkages with upstream farmers?



Value Chain Framework (Porter, 1985)

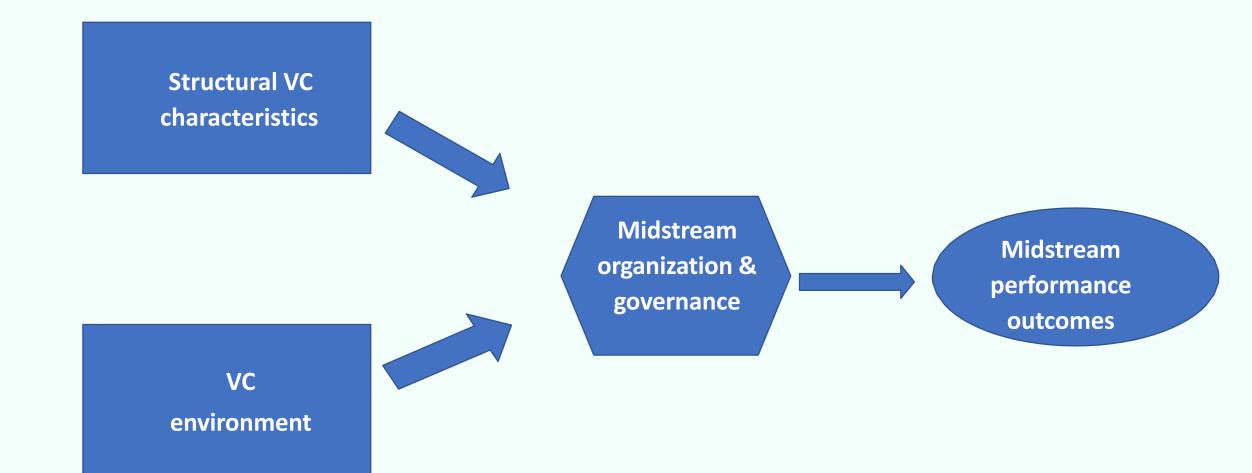
VCA4D materials: 7 countries & 8 commodities



Value Chain	Commodity	Country	Input Intensity	Market outlets	Scale of Operations	Value Chain linkages
Cash crops	Cocoa	Cameroon	Medium	Export	Mixed	Contracts
	Cotton	Ethiopia	Low	National	Medium	Contracts
Fruit & Vegetables	Green Beans	Kenya	High	Export	Large (Industrial)	Contracts
	Pineapple	Benin	Medium	Regional	Medium (semi-) Industrial	Differentiated
Animal products	Beef	Zimbabwe	Low	National	Communal/ Commercial	Differentiated
Food staples	Groundnut	Ghana	Low	National	Small	Spot exchange
	Maize	Nigeria	Low	Local	Small	Spot exchange
	Sorghum	Ghana	Medium	Local	Small	Differentiated

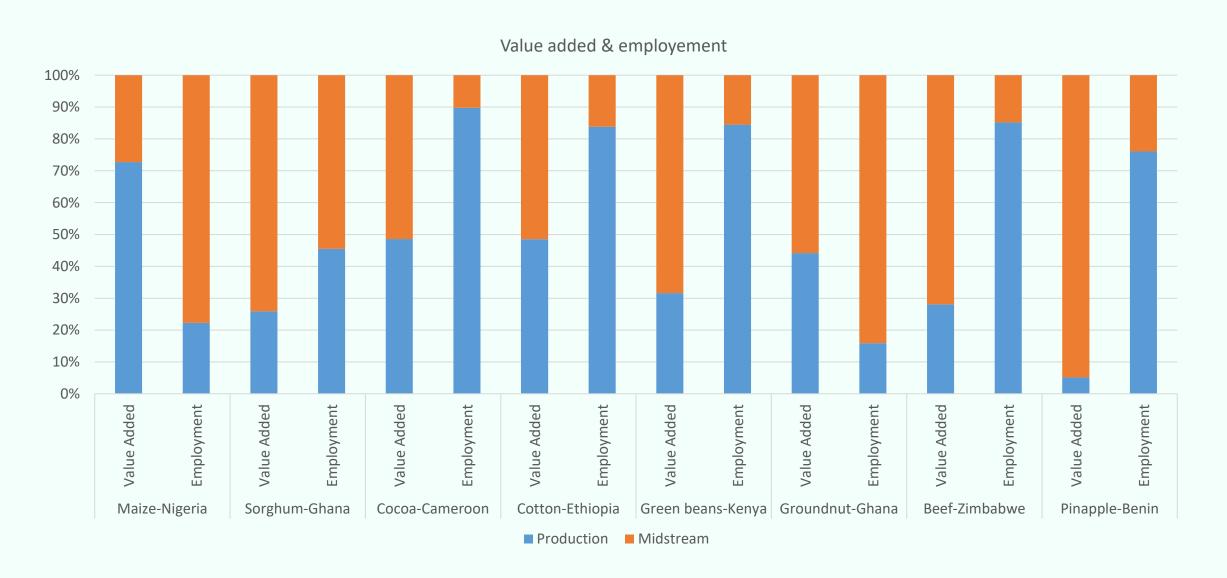
Analytical framework





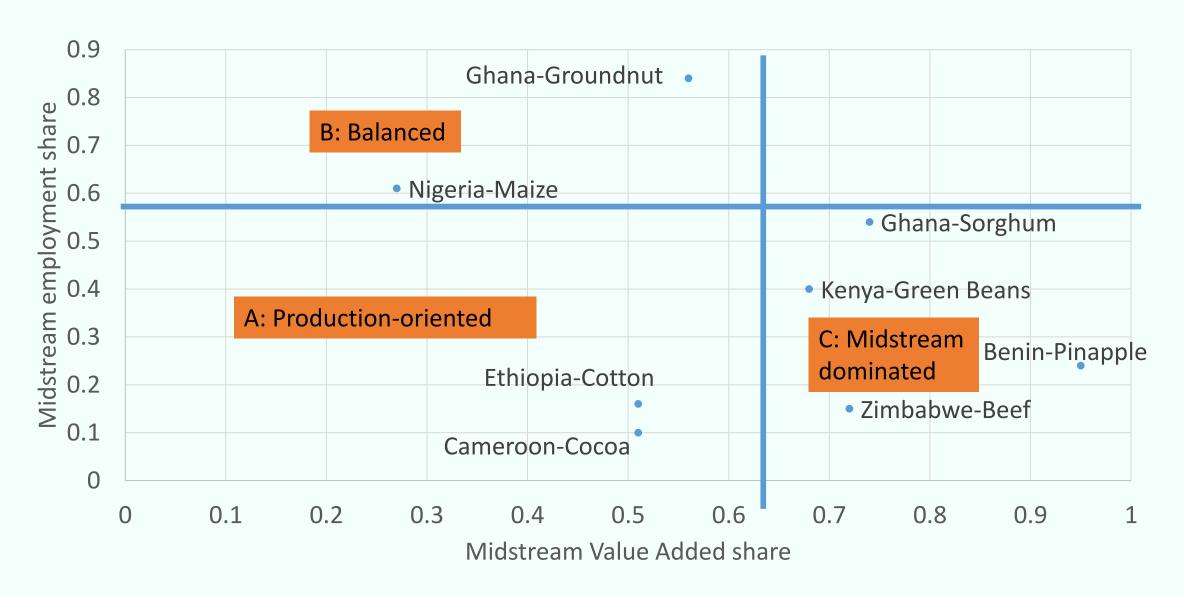
Finding 1: value added & (wage)employment





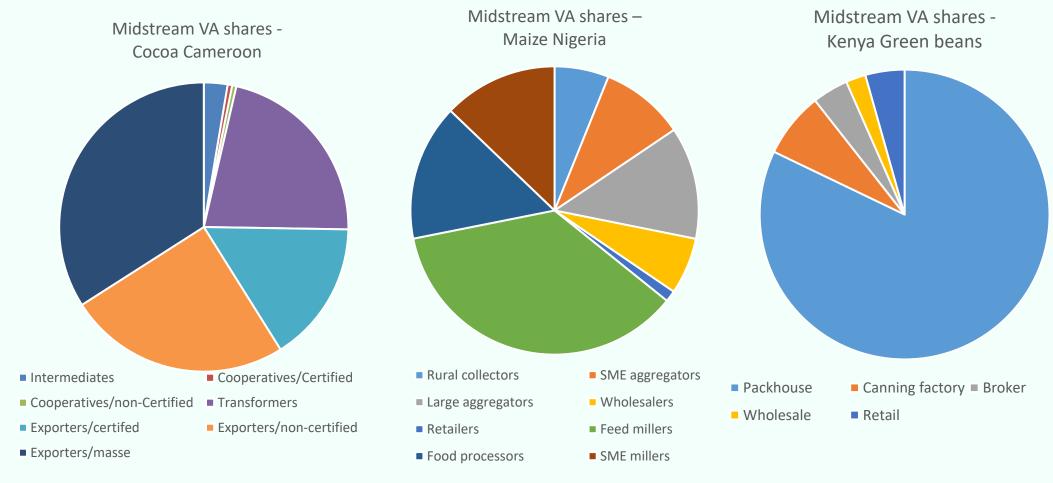
Finding 2: types of midstream dynamics





Finding 3: midstream structures





A) High differentiation of midstream agents

B) Mixed / balanced value chain

C) Midstream dominated

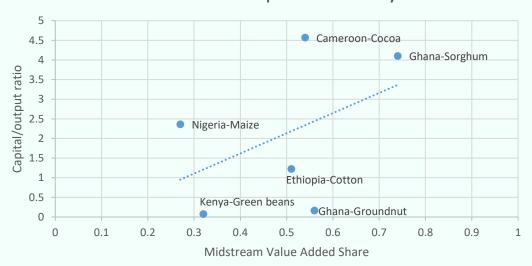
Finding 4: midstream performance



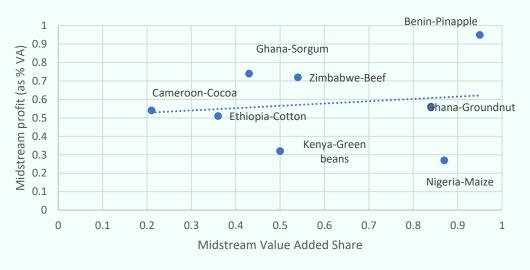
Higher midstream Value Added share associated with

- Higher capital intensity
- Higher midstream profit

Midstream Capital Intensity



Midstream Profitability

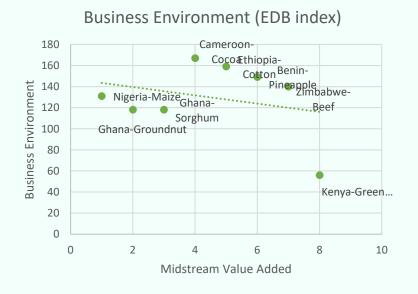


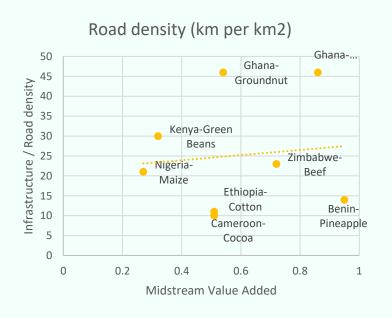
Finding 5: country differentiation

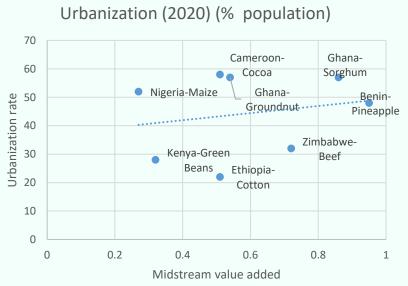


Growing midstream VA shares with:

- Better business environment
- More road infrastructure
- More urbanization







Finding 6: wider effects



A

B

Commodity	Country	Gender	Environment	Inclusion	Nutrition & Diets
Cocoa	Cameroon				
Cotton	Ethiopia				
Maize	Nigeria				
Groundnut	Ghana				
Sorghum	Ghana				
Pineapple	Benin				
Beef	Zimbabwe				
Green Beans	Kenya				

mixed

negative

positive

Implications for policy



- Growing importance of midstream in value added creation & employment generation (outside primary production)
- Type of midstream VC development has large influence on the relationships with smallholder producers
- Different strategies for supporting competitiveness in midstream VC segments
- Public investments and policies can shape the evolution of midstream VCs

Implications for research



- Assess differences between formal and informal midstream activities
- Strategies to improve the responsiveness of midstream to (market & information) incentives
- Role of contracts for leveraging risks and reducing transaction costs towards inclusive & sustainable VCs
- Determinants of entry costs, bargaining power, networks and innovation strategies by midstream agents





Thank you for your attention!

https://europa.eu/capacity4dev/value-chain-analysis-for-development-vca4d-/events/conference-value-chain-analysis-development-providing-evidence-better-policies-and-operations