





IPICA - Empowering Knowledge Transfer in the Caribbean through Effective Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) & Knowledge Transfer (KT) Regimes



Consortium

Implementing partners:

- Universidad de Alicante (UA), Spain (Project Coordinator)
- FH Joaneeum Gesellschaft mbH, Austria
- University of Technology (Utech), Jamaica
- Instituto Tecnológico de Santo Domingo (INTEC), Dominican Republic
- The University of West Indies (UW), Trinidad and Tobago
- Jamaica Intellectual Property Office (JIPO)
- Oficina Nacional de la Propiedad Industrial (ONAPI), Dominican Republic
- · Ministry of Science, Technology, Energy and Mining (MSTEM), Jamaica

Associated partners:

- · Intellectual Property Office, Ministry of the Attorney General and Legal Affairs (IPO), Trinidad and Tobago
- Oficina Española de Patentes y Marcas (OPEM)
- World Intellectual Property Organisation (WIPO), Switzerland
- European Union Intellectual Property Office (EUIPO), Spain
- Caribbean Community Secretariat (CARICOM)



Budget

Total budget: €813,975.75 EU contribution: €691,879.39



The basis of the IPICA project had lain on the existing lack of stimulation on the intellectual property rights (IPR) and limited Knowledge Transfer (KT) regimes in the area of Science, Technology and Innovation (STI) in the



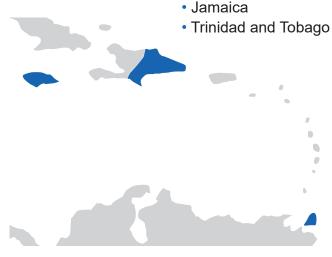
Duration

January 2014-December 2016



Countries of intervention

- Dominican Republic



Caribbean. The existing need to analyse if the current IP system was fit for a new innovation landscape, and the growing demand to protect and trade ideas, together with enhancing competitiveness of private and public organisations reflects the IPR and KT regime in Caribbean countries as critical part of applying STI to development.

In spite of the significant benefit that could bring transferring existing technologies and to create value for local products through branding, the Caribbean region needs to raise awareness not only with policy makers but with all layers of the decision makers to incorporate good practices KT and IPR frameworks.



The IPICA project focused on a multi-disciplinary approach involving local universities, research organisations, intellectual offices and governments, as well as international organisations for raising awareness on the important role that science, technology and innovation has for intellectual property (IP) and knowledge transfer (KT), and in mapping the existing Caribbean region's IP and KT frameworks to identify areas of improvement and increase policymakers' awareness of good practise KT and IPR frameworks in Dominican Republic, Jamaica and Trinidad and Tobago.



Project results



Improved Capacity Building of the target multistakeholder group and beneficiaries.



8

Training workshops on topics such as innovation and KT promotion, intellectual property policies and strategies, and business modelling.



226

KT managers, organisational leaders, and policymakers from research organisations, energy sector technology transfer practitioners, and social entrepreneurs were trained.



6

Pilot energy efficiency innovation projects implemented as part of a mentoring programme have unearthed regional talent.



The winners of the 'E(nergy)-efficiency ideas competition' received a full-fledged mentoring programme that included expert input and support from experienced entrepreneurs and professionals with market knowledge, networks, and intellectual project management expertise.



Supported National and Regional update on IPR and KT regimes and policies across the target countries.



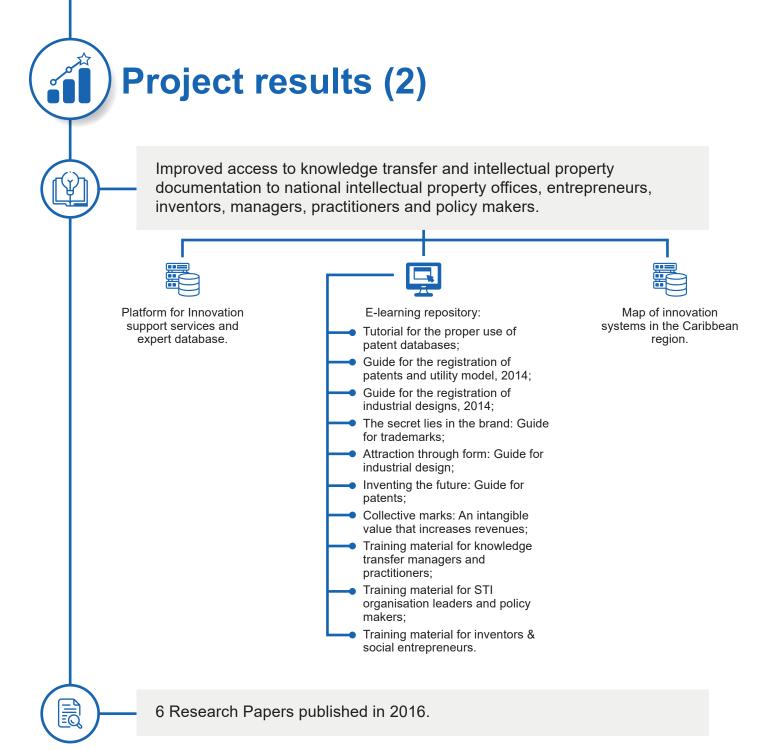
National Policy recommendations for the improvement of IPR & KT regimes in Dominican Republic, Jamaica, Trinidad and Tobago.



Regional Policy
recommendations at
regional level on: innovation
systems policies, legal
frameworks, awareness
policies, capacity building,
promoting research and
innovation, and exploitation
of IPRs.



A policy white paper on IPR and KT best practises was created. The innovation capacities of research organisation leaders and policymakers, energy sector technology transfer practitioners and inventors, and social entrepreneurs were enhanced.





The IPICA project has tigered a change on the approach that intellectual property and industrial property offices deal with science, technology and innovation, and increased the cooperation between the working actors and mechanisms. At university level the universities have review their relation to the universities spin-off and are now actively pursuing commercialisation and established a good solid relationship with key national stakeholders. At government level the project generated commitment and collaboration between the government and the universities to foster and promote the use of IP and KT.

"Oficina
Nacional de la
Propiedad Industrial"
(ONAPI) in Dominican Republic,
initiated the upgrading process of
their IP strategy and together with
the support of INTEC participated
to the creation of a national
Innovation System generating
results at the policy framework
level such as the Resolution no.
003-2017/DIR-ONAPI
concerning the conversion
from a patent application to
a utility model
application.



Jamaica
Intellectual Property
Office (JIPO) has begun
activities with stakeholders
and is utilising the project's
training materials to assist
individual innovators. It has
recognised and will continue
to recognise innovator
mentoring as part of its
regular work plan.

In the case of Trinidad and Tobago, The University of Trinidad and Tobago (UTT) and the Intellectual Property Office (IPO) signed on April 2017 a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) to continue the cooperation between the two institutions in the field of intellectual property, and the national development of IP via training programmes and public outreach. This MoU foster to establish an Intellectual Property Academy within the IPO with the assistance of the World Intellectual Property Organisation (WIPO).



Key lessons learned and best practices

