



**INTPA-NEAR**  
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# EU policy updates on international wildlife trade

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# CITES - Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species

- International trade worth **billions of dollars**
- To ensure that international trade in specimens of wild animals and plants does not threaten the **survival of the species**
- **184** parties, including EU and EU MS
- 3 appendices, system of permits and certificates, verification of **legality and sustainability**
- Conference of Parties every 3 years
- Robust **compliance** mechanism
- EU Wildlife Trade Regulations

# THE OUTCOMES FROM CITES COP19 (Panama City, Nov.2022)



**367** New  
Decisions,  
**5** New  
Resolutions



**268** News items  
**140** journalists

**45 out of 52**  
proposals adopted  
for amendment to  
CITES Appendices

**562**  
species  
Added to App.II

**4 species**  
uplisted  
**6 species**  
downlisted

 **100** sharks & rays  
 **4** birds  
 **50** turtles & tortoises  
 **160** amphibians  
 **150** trees



Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora

## CITES CoP 19 – detailed outcomes (1/2)

- 100 additional species of **sharks and rays**, and 3 species of sea cucumbers were added to the CITES appendices
- More than 150 **tree species** were included under CITES control
- CITES protection was extended to a range of reptiles and amphibians, in particular turtles
- Consensus reached on **Pernambuco** (*Paubrasilia echinata*) 
- Proposal to list **hippopotamus** in Appendix I rejected
- Inclusion of 150 species of **glass frogs** in Appendix II

## CITES CoP 19 – detailed outcomes (2/2)

- **Trade in live elephants:** dialogue amongst African range States and moratorium until next CoP
- Proposals to re-authorise trade in **ivory** rejected
- Decisions and resolutions to strengthen action against trafficking
- Framework for **capacity building**
- Discussions on issues related to **sustainable use, livelihoods, indigenous people and local communities**
- Progress towards a resolution on reducing the risk of emerging **zoonotic diseases**

# Revised EU Action Plan against wildlife trafficking (COM(2022)581 final)

2022-2027

- 4 priorities, 17 objectives, 69 actions
- Evolution and not a revolution
- Comprehensive approach, updating and responding to new challenges and trends
- In line with all relevant strategies and coherent and complementary to other instruments
- Increased focus on online crime, transparency, cooperation with stakeholders and actions along the entire enforcement chain

Preventing wildlife trafficking and addressing its root causes

Strengthening the legal and policy framework

Enforcing regulations and policies to fight wildlife trafficking effectively

Strengthening the global partnership of source, consumer and transit countries

# 1. Preventing wildlife trafficking and addressing its root causes

<b>Raise profile of fight against WT globally</b>	<b>Use trade policy leverages</b>	<b>Build capacity of key countries and improve law enforcement cooperation</b>	<b>International law enforcement cooperation</b>
Include WT on the high-level bilateral and multilateral meetings' agenda	Include WT on the agenda of: (i) trade dialogues with key partners; and (ii) the WTO Committee on Trade and Environment.	Train the EU's wildlife-enforcement agents on international cooperation and the instruments available for this purpose	Encourage bilateral contacts, peer-to peer training and exchanges, regional networks outside EU
Dialogue with priority countries and regions at technical and political level	Propose commitments to combat wildlife trafficking in future free-trade agreements	Build capacity and provide scientific and technical training to enforcement agencies, prosecutors and judiciaries in key non-EU countries, upgrade national legal frameworks to enable cross-border investigative and judicial collaboration	Engage with and support the work of: (i) the relevant global networks, ICCWC and INEC; and (ii) civil-society organisations and networks
Ensure that wildlife trafficking is treated as a serious crime			

## 4. Strengthening the global partnership of source, consumer and transit countries

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Ensure that wildlife trafficking is treated as a serious crime			

# Thank you

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