

# Day IV. EC Responses for improving food security on a sustainable basis. Synthesis

---

## ■ Introduction:

- Three working sessions (morning and afternoon)
- One thematic presentation (afternoon)
- Twenty different presentations on specific topics followed by open debate
- Conclusions on field visits (positive, but poor projects' sustainability, lack of innovation)

## ■ Working session I. Role of information in improving responses to food insecurity

### *Morning*

- SWOT analysis of SIMs, IPC (Improved and coordinated analysis tools); JSC (use of CFSAM); SIRSA-SAP (bottom-up approach); SCF (flexible approach to meeting diverse info needs)
-

# Day IV. EC Responses for improving food security on a sustainable basis. Synthesis

---

## *Conclusions*

- Excellent problem analysis
- Value of different systems presented
- Financial sustainability not guaranteed
- Need for increased political willingness to ensure sustainability
- Potential for integration of some systems (on a country basis)

## *Afternoon*

- Feedback from working groups. Results reflect diversity of contexts:  
i) Sahel (more analytical) vs. ii) HoA and SA (proliferation of SIM, only comparison between systems)
-

# Day IV. EC Responses for improving food security on a sustainable basis. Synthesis

---

## ■ Working session II. Effectiveness of crises responses. Food and Non-food interventions

- ECHO (rational for non-food vs. FA) Zimbabwe Del. (FA as a response to continued crisis); SCF/Oxfam (strengths and weaknesses of cash interventions); WFP (new trends in approaching crisis).

### *Conclusions.*

- increasing trend towards cash interventions
  - Effectiveness (growth population) and possible negative impacts (inflation) need to be evaluated
  - Need to balance with FA
  - Need to improve livelihood analysis to improve responses' effectiveness.
-

# Day IV. EC Responses for improving food security on a sustainable basis. Synthesis

---

## ■ Working session III. Institutional strengthening of National and Regional bodies and support to decision making

- AU (Organogramme, action lines); CILSS (historical development, current needs); IGAD( Description of programmes and needs)  
SADC (elements for improving dialogue);

### *Conclusions*

- Many needs (human resources, finances) since some activities are still driven by external aid;
  - Importance to increase advocacy to national governments
  - Importance to invest on national human resources.
-

# Day IV. EC Responses for improving food security on a sustainable basis. Synthesis

---

## ■ Sustainable management of natural resources

- Presentation of new EC Environmental Policy and handbook
  - Compulsory steps (CEP, EIA, SEA)
  - Positive impact (increased awareness of governments, reduced stress over non renewable resources)
  - Possible negative impact (staple crops directed to produce bio-fuel)
-

# Day IV. EC Responses for improving food security on a sustainable basis. Synthesis

---

Aksante sana

---