# Catalytic Financing for Nutrition

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#### **Presentation Outline**

 Innovative Finance for Development: Overview and Lessons Learned

2. Catalytic Financing for Nutrition



# Innovative Finance for Development: Overview and Lessons Learned



### What is innovative finance for development?

" mechanisms of <u>raising fund</u>s or <u>stimulating action</u>s in support of international development that go beyond traditional spending approaches by either the official or private sectors"

(OECD 2009)

Complementary to ODA, predictable and stable.

(Leading Group Report 2012)



### Examples of IF mechanisms

## Front-loading and debt-based instruments

- Social Impact Bonds/Pay-for-Performance
- IFFIm
- Debt swaps (e.g. Debt2Health)

### Guarantees and market-based mechanisms

- AMCs
- Prizes

### Taxes/contributions from globalized activities

- UNITAID air levy / Zimbabwe Payroll levy
- FTT
- Voluntary contributions



### Lessons: Opportunities and Challenges

### Opportunities:

- Increase resources
- Improve efficiency and efficacy of disbursement and delivery

### **Challenges:**

- Need clear goals
- Coordination
- Minimise transaction costs
- Effective governance and M&E



# CATALYTIC FINANCE FOR NUTRITION



### Why "catalytic" finance?

 Focus on catalysing change to improve nutrition outcomes rather than innovation.

- Catalyse change in terms of:
  - How nutrition is funded
  - How nutrition is delivered



### **Key Considerations**

- Unique momentum and opportunity of global leadership
- Significant progress at country level
- Better understanding of economic impact of undernutrition makes case to act stronger
- Business community mobilizing, however clear sensitivities to working with the PS and food industry



### Key questions

- What does the current financing architecture for nutrition do and not do? Where are the gaps?
- Would some of the gaps be better addressed by new mechanism(s), rather than existing funding options?
- Should such mechanism(s) be established as a new structure or through existing structures?
- How should the mechanism(s) be governed and monitored?



# How are we trying to respond to these questions?

SUN donor Group

Steering Committee

 Milken Institute - Financial Innovations Lab (May)



### Current Nutrition Financing architecture

- Traditional donor funding
- Government nutrition budgets
- Very few existing IF mechanisms with nutrition components:
  - SUN Trust Fund
  - GAIN
  - GAFSP, HRITF
  - AgResults
- Very large needs / gaps across spectrum of interventions



#### Need for new CF mechanisms?

- Broad consensus around need for mechanism(s) to catalyse change both with public and private sectors / funds
- Mechanisms need to address clearly identified barriers and complement existing activities and add-value
- Limited support for new Global Fund type of mechanism
- Limited support for mechanism that focuses on funding long term, recurring costs of country plans



### Menu of Options

 Mechanism to catalyze broadly the acceleration of high impact, prioritized country plans

Mechanism to catalyze greater role for private sector

 Instrument specific (e.g. RBF) or product/intervention specific (e.g. AMC) mechanisms



### Next steps

- Feedback from stakeholders
- Narrow down options with SC / Milken Institute
- Convene Milken Financial Innovations Lab (early May)
- Present initial finding in Paris conference (May)
- Presentation of potential mechanism(s) on June 8<sup>th</sup>?

### THANK YOU

