

Partnership for Action on
GREEN *economy*

PAGE



Introduction to PAGE

19th PEP Meeting

Durban



Global Policy Milestones and Consensus Decisions

Rio +20

Rio+20 Outcome Document: The Future We Want (UN General Assembly A/RES/66/288, 2012, para 56)

GEI Council

UNEP Green Economy Initiative and Governing Council Decision “Green Economy in the Context of Sustainable Development and Poverty” (UNEP GC 27/8, 2013)

102nd ILC

102nd Session of the International Labour Conference, 5-20 June 2013 “Sustainable Development, Decent Work and Green Jobs”



Collective Expertise and Assistance





PAGE Vision and Objectives

Vision

Provide targeted support that will enable countries to transition to socially inclusive green economies.

Objectives

To provide a **springboard for action** on commitments made at the Rio+20 Summit.

To create an enabling environment and **strengthen the capacity of Governments** in their transition to a green economy.

To harness expertise and ensure a coordinated response to countries' needs.



Partnership for Action on GREEN economy

PAGE is designed to mobilize resources and deliver tailored support for green economy action at the national level, which in turn will spur a global transition.

Enable

Enable countries to formulate and adopt green economy policies.

Strengthen

Strengthen capacity of national partners to implement focused green economy initiatives, including key sectors.

Develop

Develop global access to **green economy training and tools.**

Create

Create and **share knowledge** and country-level applications.

PAGE Partners



UNEP

United Nations Environment Programme



ILO

International Labour Organization



UNIDO

United Nations Industrial Development Organization



UNITAR

United Nations Institute for Training and Research



UNDP

United Nations Development Programme



Key Elements of a Green Economy Transition

Value of natural capital

Appropriate economic
regulations and
incentives

Appropriate
environmental
regulations and law
enforcement

Sustainable production
and consumption
patterns

Fair distribution of
income and social
standards

Investment in training
and environmental
education



Priority Areas for Green Economy Policy Reform (UNEP 2011)

Addressing
environmental
externalities and
existing market failures

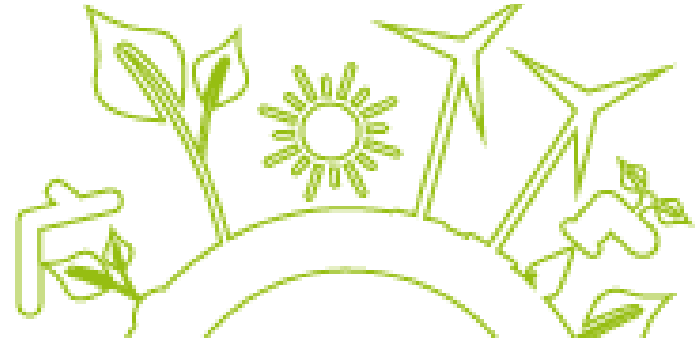
Limiting government
spending in areas that
deplete natural capital

Promoting investment
and spending in areas
that stimulate a green
economy

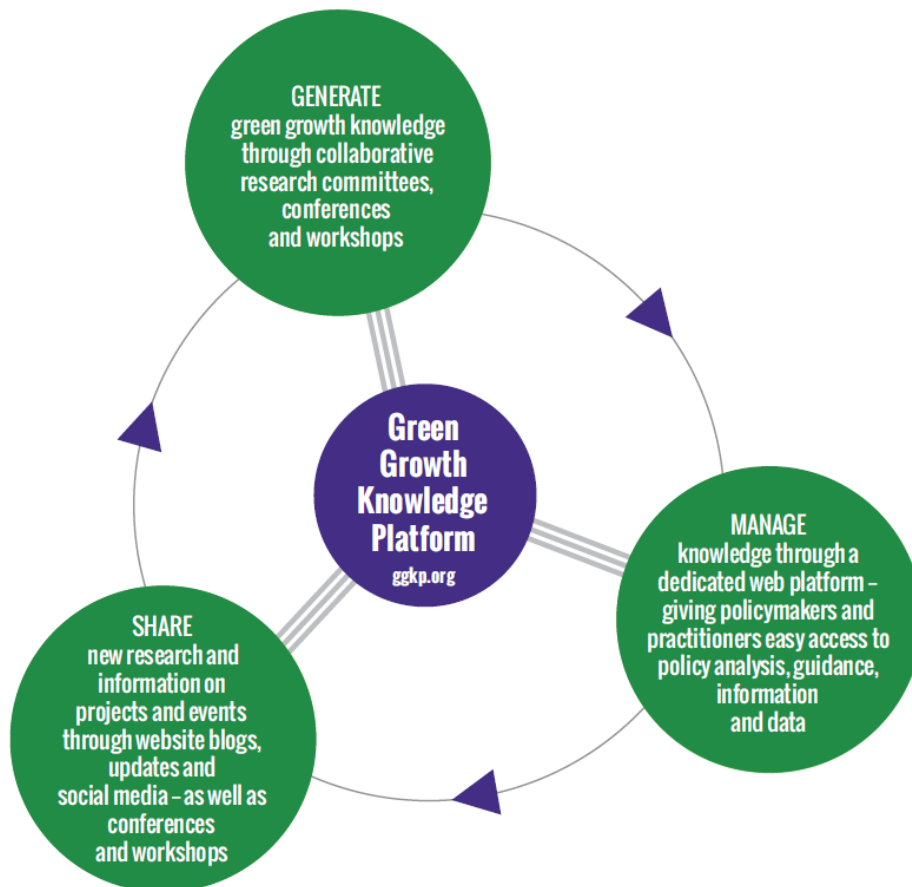
Establishing
environmental
standards

Establishing social
standards and equality
measures

Define fair property
and access rights



Green Growth Knowledge Platform (GGKP)



Key GGKP Activities:

○ Research Committees:

- Trade and Competitiveness
- Indicators and Measurement
- Fiscal Instruments
- Innovation and Technology

○ In person events:

- Annual Conferences
- Practitioner Workshops

○ GreenGrowthKnowledge.org



Deutsches Institut für
Entwicklungspolitik



German Development
Institute



International
Labour
Organization



Organization of
American States



unitar

United Nations Institute for Training and Research



Zentrum für Entwicklungsforschung
Center for Development Research
University of Bonn



GreenGrowthKnowledge.org



<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cjN62YdfTFA>

Social and Solidarity Economy (SSE)

- Alternative forms of production, finance, exchange and consumption that:
 - give priority to social (and often environmental) objectives
 - promote ‘active citizenship’ and democratic practices within the economy and polity
 - are based in values and practices of cooperation and solidarity
- Examples include: cooperatives, mutual associations; new forms of community-based or social enterprise, entrepreneurship and service-delivery NGOs; women’s self-help groups, community forestry institutions, fair trade networks, associations of informal economy workers, solidarity finance schemes.

UN Task Force on SSE

- Members: ECLAC, ESCWA, FAO, ILO, OECD, TDR programme, UN-DESA, UN-NGLS, UNAIDS, UNECE, UNEP, UNESCO, UNIDO, UN-Habitat, UNRISD, UN Women, WFP, WHO
- Observers: Intercontinental Network for the Promotion of Social Solidarity Economy (RIPESS), International Co-operative Alliance (ICA), Mont-Blanc Meetings (MBM).

Roles of the of UN Task Force on SSE

- Enhancing the recognition of SSE enterprises and organizations;
- Promoting knowledge on SSE and consolidating SSE networks;
- Supporting the establishment of an enabling institutional and policy environment for SSE;
- Ensuring coordination of international efforts, and strengthening and establishing partnerships.