

The EU approach against wildlife trafficking

Towards an EU strategic approach to wildlife conservation in Africa Brussels, 9-10 February 2015 Gaël de Rotalier – European Commission (DG Environment)







































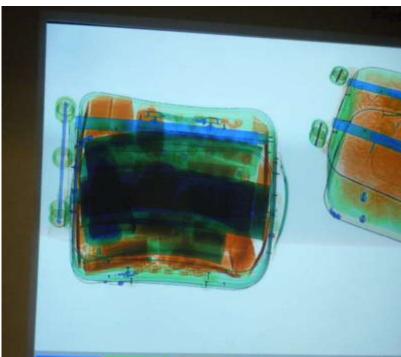
EU as a transit place for wildlife products of illegal origin





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Illegal export of wildlife products from the EU





Renewal of EU approach to address the new face of wildlife trafficking

- New scale: unprecedented poaching levels for elephants, rhinos but also less charismatic animal species (eg pangolins) and flora (timber and nontimber)
- New features: rising demand from Asia, links with organised crime and sometimes rebel groups, sophisticated smuggling methods
- Wide ranging impact on biodiversity, rule of law, regional stability



Stakeholder consultation process

- Commission **Communication** on the EU approach against wildlife trafficking 7 February 2014
- Online consultation: addressing both action within the EU and at international level closed 10 April 2014
- **Expert Conference** 10/11 April: 170 experts from 27 EU Member States, 7 non-EU countries, key international organisations and over 20 NGOs
- Summary of contributions to the consultation published in Nov. 2014



Main findings from the consultation EU actions at the global level

- Raise the profile of wildlife trafficking on the EU diplomatic agenda (notably at high level Summits, in negotiations for Free Trade Agreements or through actions by EU Delegations in 3rd countries)
- Work towards ambitious commitments in multilateral agreements (CITES) and focus on their implementation, including through compliance measures in case of repeated deficiencies by some Parties



Main findings from the consultation EU actions at the global level

- Foster better international coordination in the field of enforcement, through support to ICCWC and its Members, participation to joint operations, cooperation with Wildlife Enforcement Networks and bilateral MoUs
- Support new initiatives at the UN when they have an added value compared to existing commitments (UNGA Resolution, targeted sanctions by UN Security Council, inclusion of wildlife conservation as a target in future SDG)



Main findings from the consultation EU actions at the global level

- Better integrate wildlife conservation and the fight against wildlife trafficking into the EU development cooperation (through programming in the various funding mechanisms and the use of the ICCWC Toolkit)
- Addressing the demand for wildlife products of illegal origin (through diplomatic action and support to targeted campaigns)
- Involving local communities and addressing poverty as necessary condition for successful, long term strategy against wildlife trafficking



Main findings from the consultation EU actions at the domestic level

- Need to ensure a more even enforcement level throughout the EU
- Importance of awareness raising and stronger political commitment
- Call for stricter sanctions
- Need to strengthen cross-agency cooperation
- Need for more training



Options for next steps?

- Possible proposals for appropriate action to be prepared by the new Commission, such as an EU Action Plan

- Integration of elements put forward during the consultation into current policies without new overarching initiative



Thank You!

More information at

http://ec.europa.eu/environment/cites/trafficking_en.htm