

Blue Economy Programme for Climate Change Adaptation

#GLOBALGATEWAY

#TEAMEUROPE

TEAM EUROPE PROPOSAL



TEI objectives can be achieved via support to:

- Blue Economy policies and regulations design, governance capacity building.
- Investments in key infrastructures and innovative business ecosystems (fisheries processing, eco-tourism, green coastal services, innovation, and research, etc.).
- Develop well-managed marine and coastal conservation areas, circular economy, and access to green finance.

1. Sustainable and integrated management of coastal ecosystems and river deltas:

- Marine and coastal areas spatial planning
- Fighting deforestation and biodiversity losses
- Protection of the environment and circular economy

2. Sustainable and productive use of the marine and coastal ecosystem:

- Marine Fisheries, aquaculture and coastal value chains
- Renewable and offshore Energy
- Coastal and Maritime eco-Tourism

3. Support to Ocean governance at global, national and local level:

- Capacity building on Blue economy.
- New and review of existing legislation and regulation.
- Law enforcement, surveillance, control and management measures for the Extended Economic Zone, satellite control (programme Copernicus).
- Government and donor community coordination mechanisms.
- Participation to multilateral mechanisms.

Geographical coverage: the "Swahili coast", i.e. the Tanzanian Coastal area from North to South, Zanzibar archipelago and the islands in the country's Economic Exclusive Zone.

MODALITIES/TOOLS

Policy dialogue

Technical assistance

Loans, direct investments

KEY DELIVERABLES

Infrastructure

1. Development of cool storage (hence allowing boats to venture out longer and farther for fishing).
2. Rehabilitation of Zanzibar port (or Dar-es-Salaam port).
3. Extension of the Pemba airport (Zanzibar) or the port of Dar-es-Salaam, either the fishing or cargo port infrastructures.
4. Protected marine parks leads to revived corals.

Support to SMEs

5. Credit lines to Tanzanian banks (up to EUR 350 million) for on-lending to SMEs with focus on blue economy (and gender).

*This Team Europe Initiative is work in proress

TRANSFORMATIONAL POTENTIAL

- To unlock the potential of the ocean and coastal economy and preserving its biodiversity.
- To strengthen the country's capacity to enforce environmental protection and climate resilience and, at the same time, bring direct and sustainable benefits to local communities from productive sectors.

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NATIONAL CONTEXT

Tanzania has a coastline of 1424 km.

64,500 km² marine territorial sea area.

358,000 ha coastal forests:

- Declining each year (farmland, heavily cut for timber and charcoal)
- Small and highly fragmented (over 150 separate patches).

Economic development relies on natural resources for internal consumption and exports:

- Traditional goods - over 40% of the total exports.
- Fisheries and aquaculture – 2.2% of GDP and 3% of Forex
- 75% of small-scale fishermen fishing without licence
- Rapid population growth.

The country coastal areas and the sea provide a significant contribution to economic activities such as fisheries, tourism, or shipping.

Over 10 million people directly depend on the integrity of coastal and marine resources for their livelihoods.

National policies:

- National Development vision 2025
- National Environmental policies
- Blue Economy strategy (Zanzibar)

GEOPOLITICAL CONTEXT AND RELEVANT SDGs

1 NO POVERTY



8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH



13 CLIMATE ACTION



EU Green Deal

International Ocean Governance agenda

UN Convention on the Law and the Sea

Complementarity with:

- TEI on Green Cities
- Regional TEI on Blue Economy in the southern Indian Ocean

14 LIFE BELOW WATER



**SDGs included based on a new JRC electronic text mining tool, which identifies SDGs (targets)