

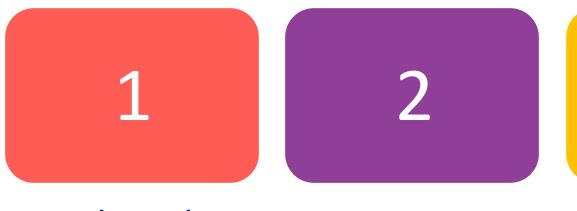
I. Article 6 of the Paris Agreement







In this section



Background

Article 6.2

Article 6.4

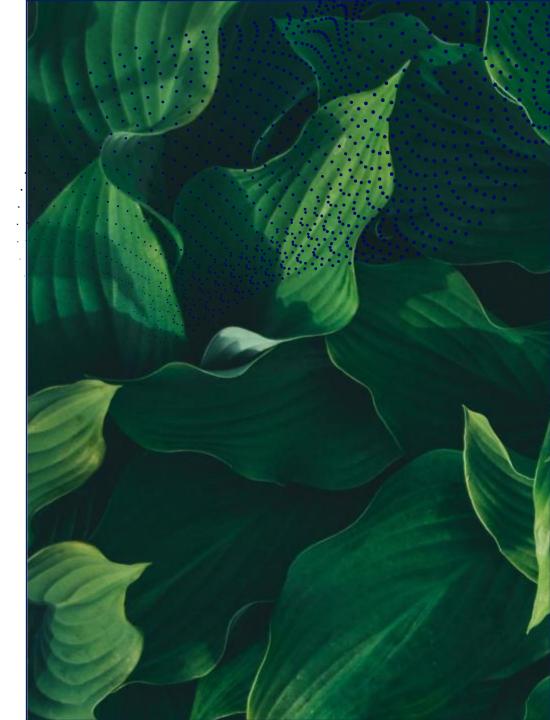


BACKGROUND

ARTICLE 4.

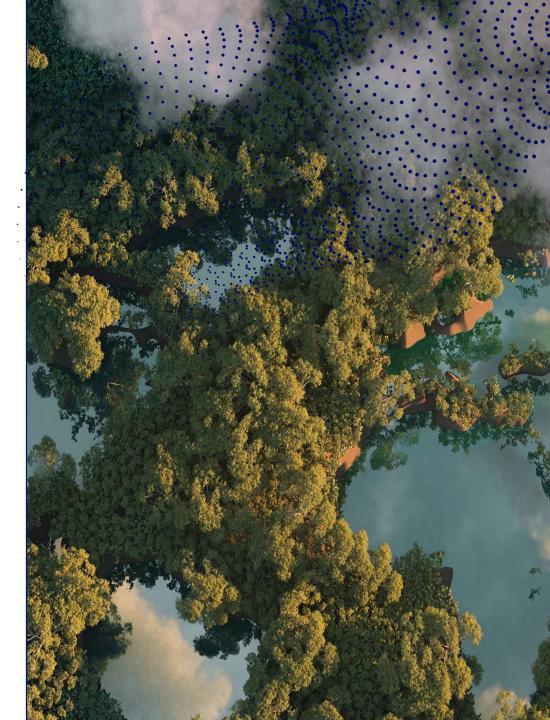
Nationally determined contributions

NDCs



ARTICLE 6.

Allows Parties to voluntarily cooperate with each other to achieve emission reduction targets set out in their nationally determined contributions and contribute to higher ambition.



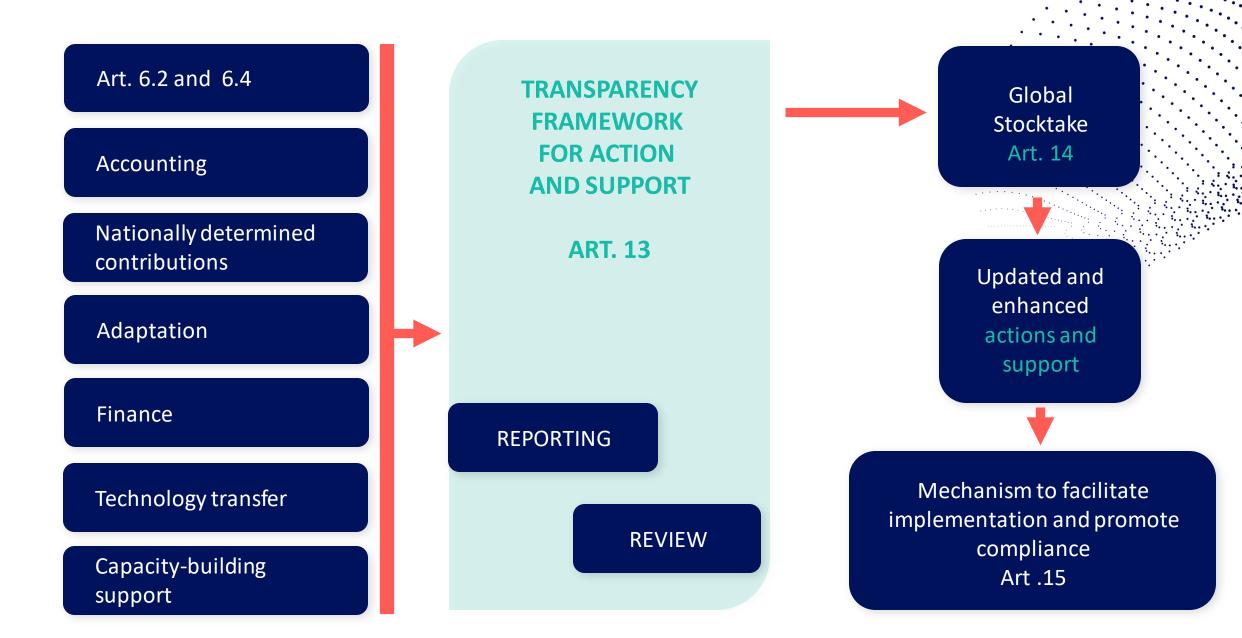
ARTICLE 13.

Enhanced Transparency Framework

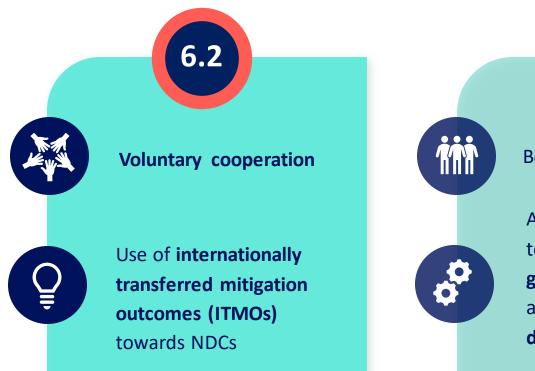




ENHANCED TRANSPARENCY FRAMEWORK.

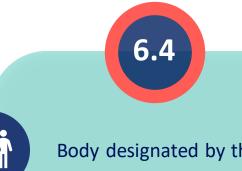


PARIS AGREEMENT – ARTICLE 6.





Guidance by CMA*



Body designated by the CMA

A mechanism to contribute to the **mitigation** of greenhouse gas emissions and support sustainable development



CMA to adopt rules, modalities and procedures Framework for nonmarket approaches to sustainable development to promote the nonmarket approaches

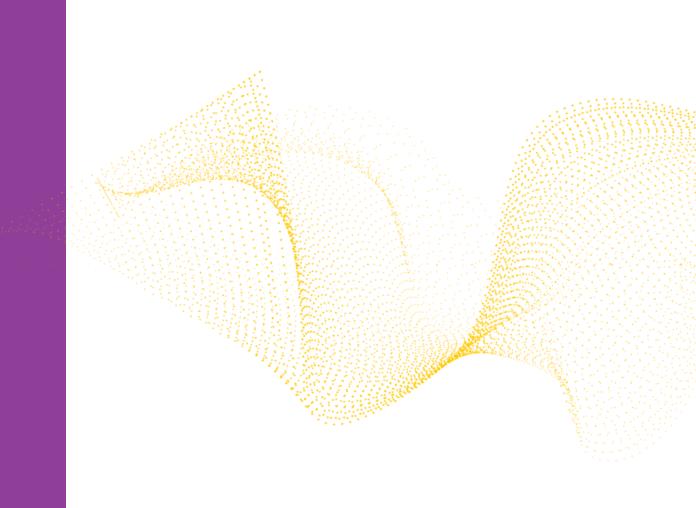
*CMA - Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Paris Agreement

RULES OF THE CONFERENCE OF THE PARTIES SERVING AS THE MEETING OF THE PARTIES TO THE PARIS AGREEMENT (CMA).

KATOWICE GLASGOW PARIS **COP 29** SHARM EL-SHEIKH DUBAI 2018 2021 AGREEMENT 2023 2022 2024 (ETF modalities, (CMA 3 2015 (CMA 4 decisions (CMA 5 procedures and decisions on Art. (Art. 6 and 13) decisions on on Art. 6) guidelines) 6 and 13) Art. 6)



ARTICLE 6.2.



INTERNATIONALLY TRANSFERRED MITIGATION OUTCOME (ITMO).

INTERNATIONALLY TRANSFERRED MITIGATION OUTCOME (ITMO) is

- Real, verified and additional
- Mitigation outcome post 2021
- Emission reduction or removals transferred internationally

- Tonne of CO₂ equivalent or other
- Use towards an NDC
- Authorized by Party for:
 - International mitigation purpose (CORSIA)
 - Other

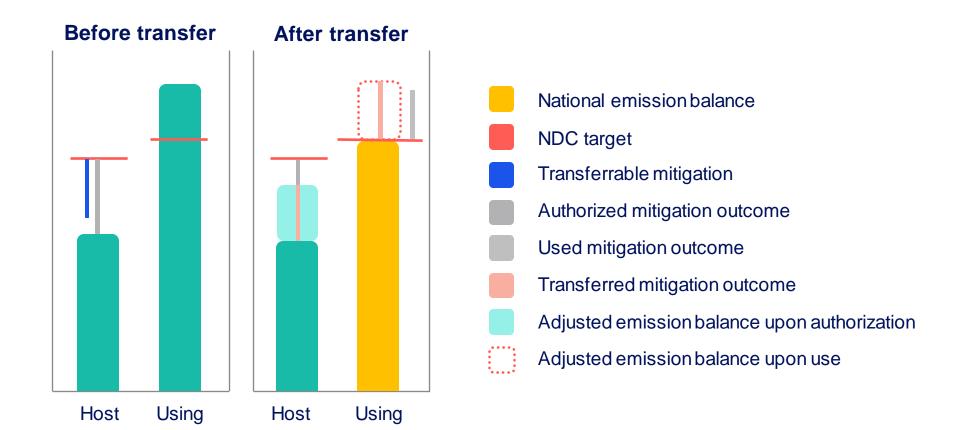
PARTICIPATION REQUIREMENTS.



6.2 FIRST TRANSFER.



6.2 CORRESPONDING ADJUSTMENTS.



Source: ECBI 2021

6.2 REPORTING.

ARTICLE 6 REPORTING

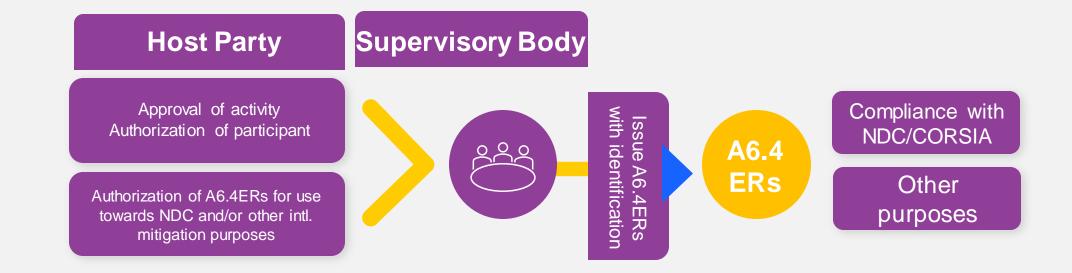
- Initial report
- Annual information
- Regular information

- Review of Article 6 reporting
 - Review report
- Recording system
 - Registry
 - Article 6 database consistency check
 - Centralized Accounting and Reporting
 Platform (CARP)

B ARTICLE 6.4.

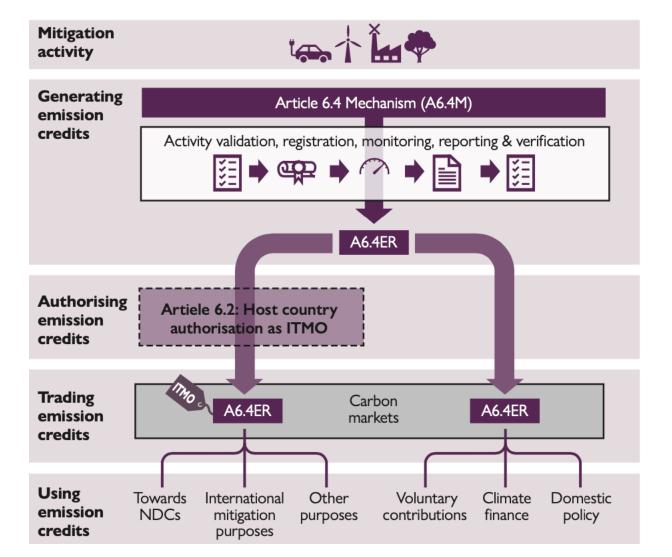
6.4 MAIN CONCEPTS.

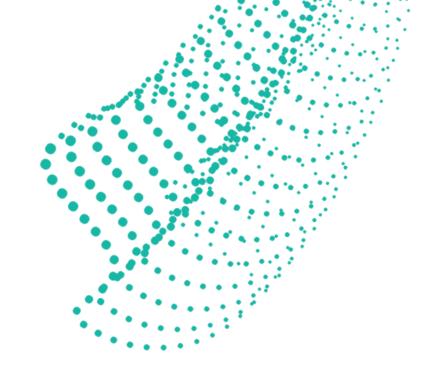




Source: IGES 2022

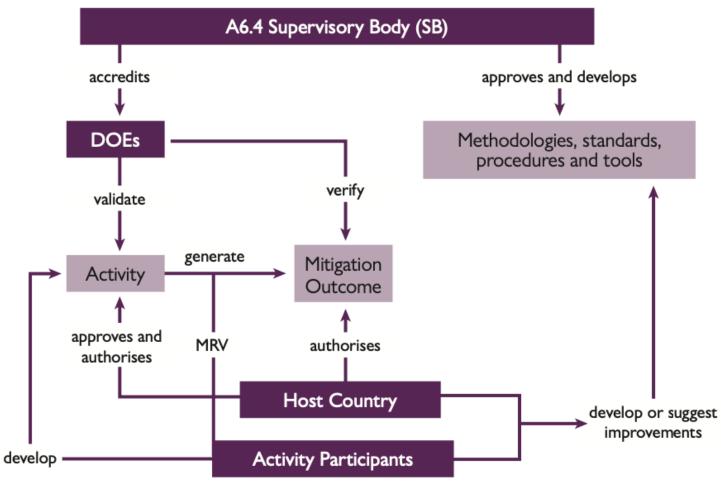
6.4 STRUCTURE.

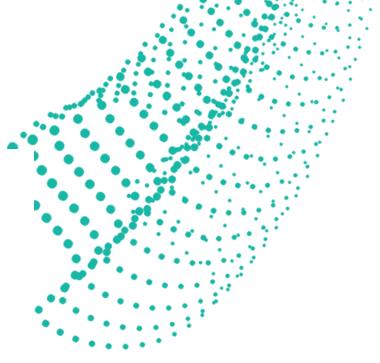




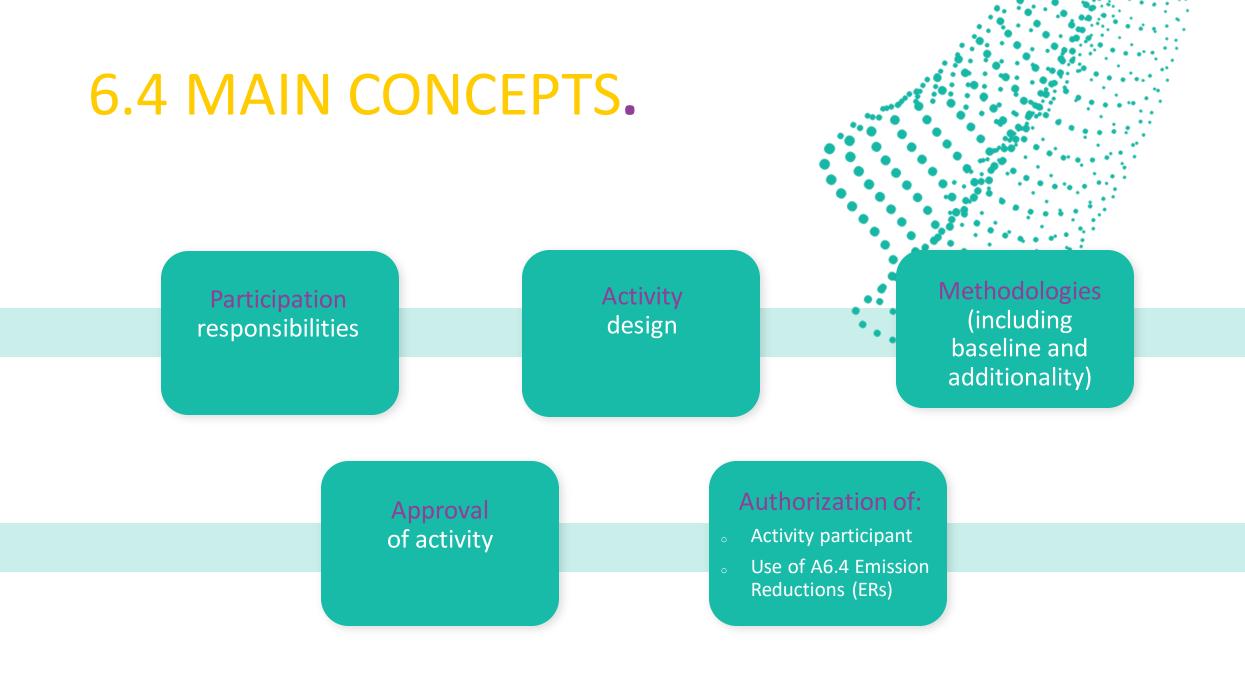
Source: Perspectives Climate Group 2022

6.4 SUPERVISORY BODY.





Source: ECBI 2021



FURTHER WORK.

6.2

Special circumstances of LDCs and SIDS

Action to be taken when inconsistencies are identified

How a Party should respond

Guidance on corresponding adjustments

Whether ITMOs could include emission avoidance

Sequencing and timing of reports

Process of authorization

Application of first transfer

Common nomenclature

Special circumstances of LDCs and SIDS

Further responsibilities of SB and host Parties to elaborate on and apply national arrangements

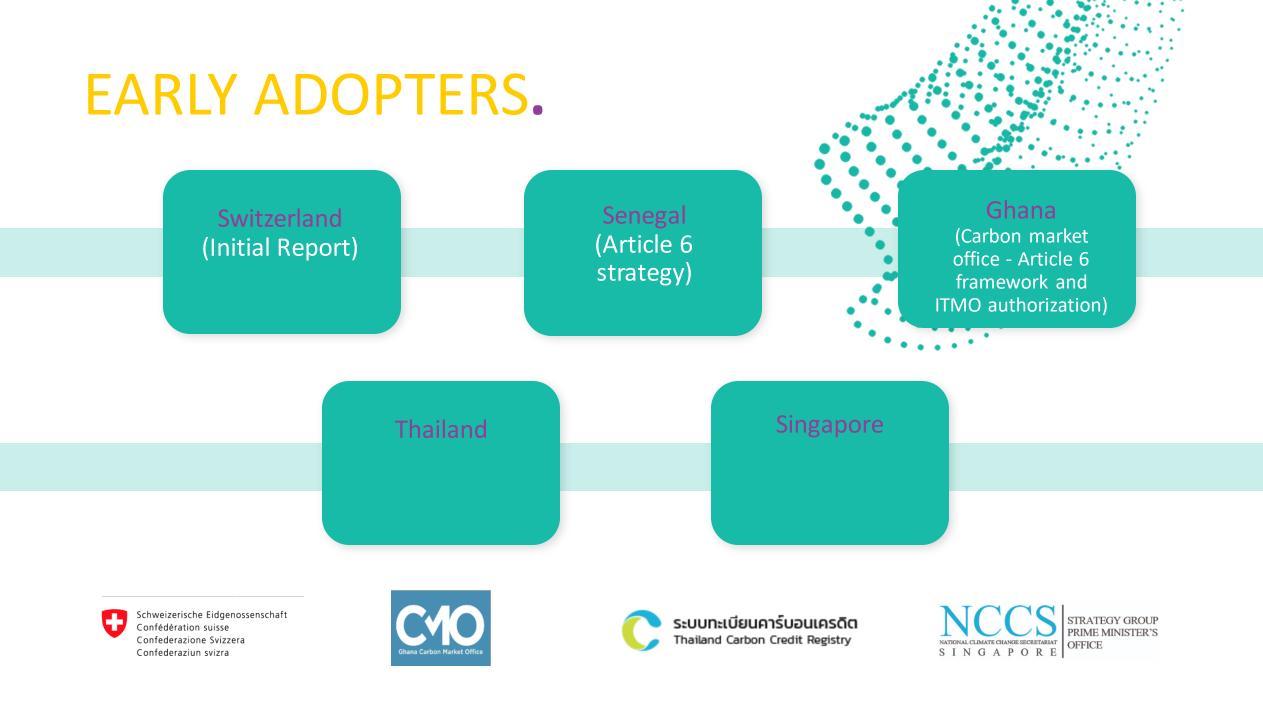
Emission avoidance and conservation of enhancement activities

Connection mechanism registry and international registry and other registries

Statement by host Party to the SB

Removals

CDM transition



NEEDS ASSESSMENT.

Poll

What is needed in your country?

- a. Capacity building to fulfil reporting and participation requirements
- b. Enhance understanding on Article 6 mechanisms
- c. Identify different climate finance options
- d. Strengthen institutional arrangements
- e. Other



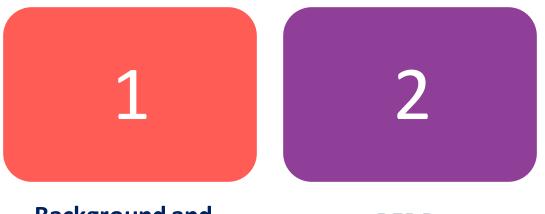
II. REDD+: challenges and opportunities

Market and non-market carbon pricing mechanisms, including Article 6 of the Paris Agreement





In this section



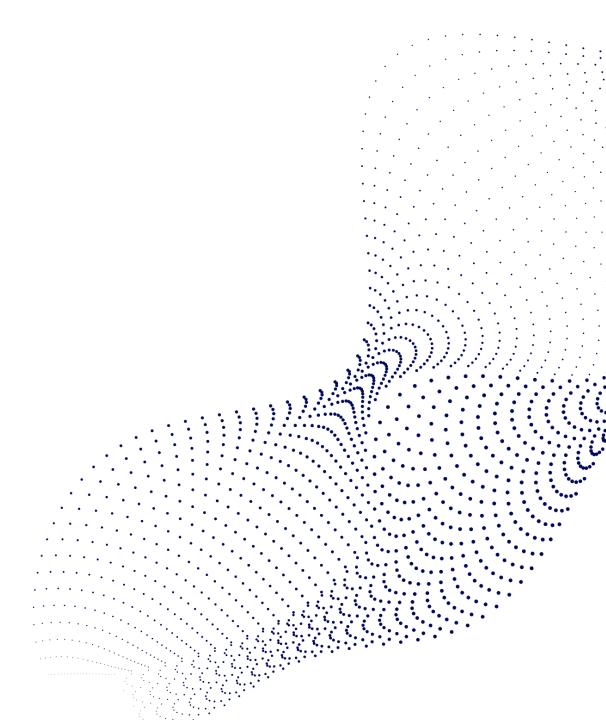
Background and rules

REDD+

Financing options

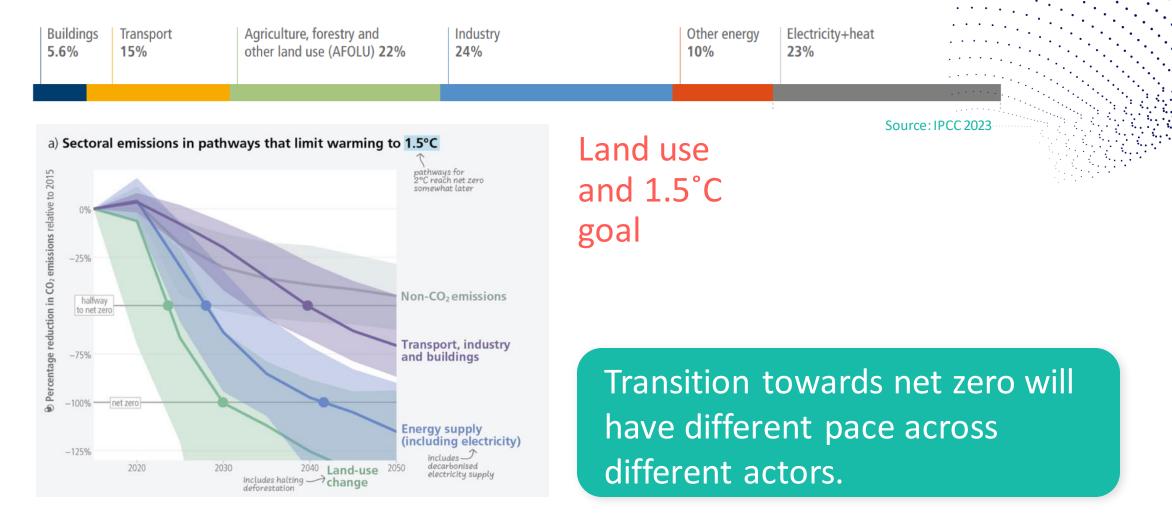


BACKGROUND AND RULES.

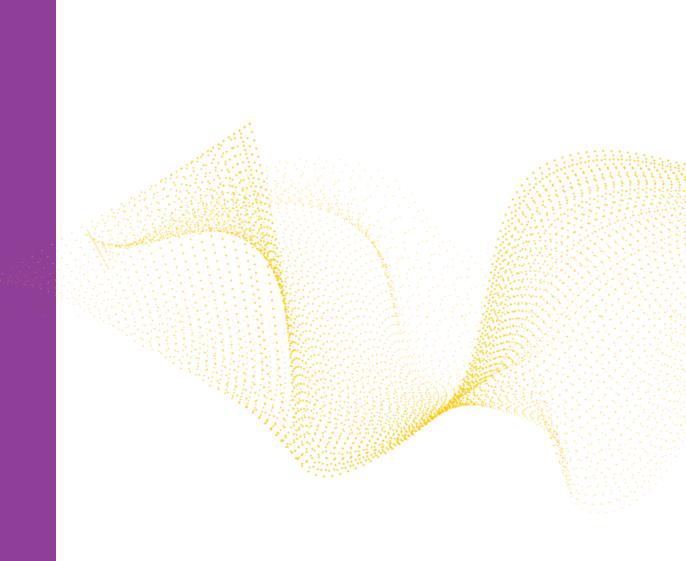


BACKGROUND.

Direct emissions by sector (59 GtCO₂-eq)



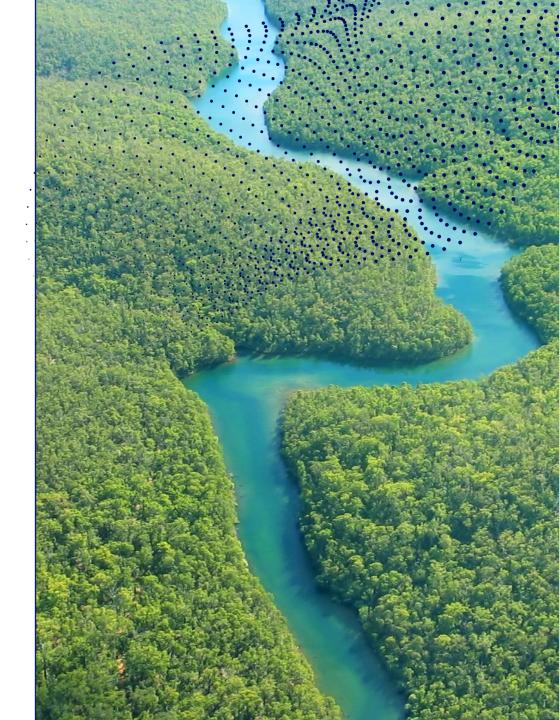




ARTICLE 5.

Reduced emissions from deforestation and forest degradation + conservation, sustainable management of forests and enhancement of forest carbon stocks in developing countries.

REDD+



ROAD to REDD+ results: key REQUIREMENTS.

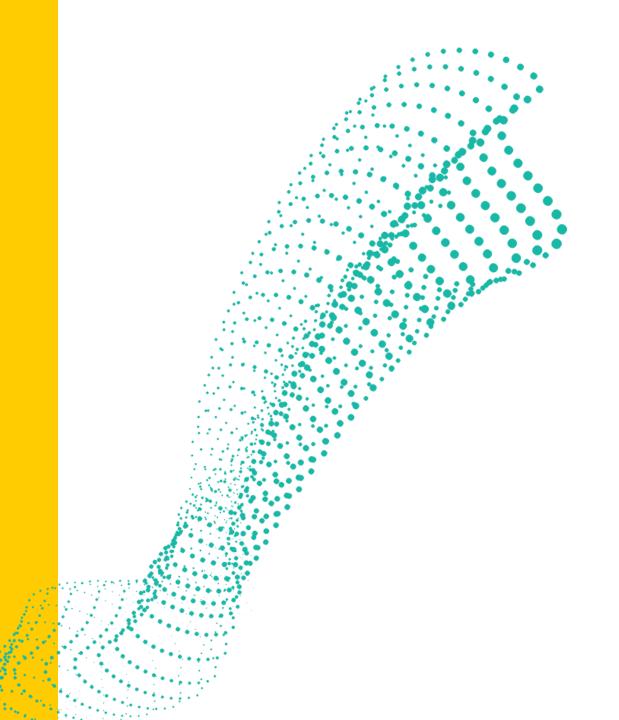
NATIONAL strategy or action plan

NATIONAL forest reference emission level and/or forest reference level NATIONAL forest monitoring system

> SAFEGUARDS information systems

REDD+ IMPLEMENTATION.

Scale	Benefits	Challenges/risks		
National level	Policy decisions leading to more permanent and systemic change	Low capacity to enforce laws and policies in territories		
	Integration with NDC	Impact low if government not committed		
	Potential for leakage lower	Skepticism to transacting with national governments		
	Standardised approach towards baselines	Implementation more complex		
Subnational level	Policy decisions leading to more permanent and systemic change	Skepticism to transacting with national governments		
	Potential for leakage lower than project level implementation	Potential leakage higher than national level implementation		
	If no national strategy, accounting and crediting can be at least implemented at subnational level	Monitoring costs higher		
Project level	Less complex and more responsive to local needs	Potential for leakage highest		
	Risks for investors smaller and more controllable	No systemic change		
	Access to carbon market finance easier	Risk of double counting		
	If no national strategy, accounting and crediting can be at least implemented at subnational level	MRV and transaction costs higher		



FINANCE FOR REDD+.

REDD+ WEB PLATFORM

HOME FAC		FACT SHEETS	SUBMISSIO	NS II	NFO HUB	FORUM	MEETINGS	CONTACT	
Country	Date (Year)	Results (t CO2 eq/year)	Assessed forest reference level (t CO2 eq/year)	Quantities for which payments were received (t CO2 eq/year)	Entity paying for results		Links to do	ocumentation	16 billion tons REDD+ results
Argentina	2014	44,409,046	101,141,848	18,731,707 (period 2014- 2016)	proposal)	ate Fund (funding	of REDD+ results (I	port with submission BUR 3)	generated so far
	2015 2016			-		FCCC/TAR/2019/ARG Submission on proposed reference level Modified submission on proposed reference level	pposed reference	Pre-2020 results	
							Safeguards inform National REDD+ St REDD+ Info Hub A	ategy excluded	excluded

TEST YOUR KNOWLEDGE.

Poll

Payments for REDD+ will follow automatically after submission of results?

a. Yes

b. No

c. It's complicated

FINANCE FOR REDD+.

MARKET

Carbon credits sold are to corporation in domestic compliance market or international voluntary carbon market.

CORSIA approved certain standards (ART Trees)

Voluntary market wider range of standards for forestry

NON-MARKET

Finance coming from agreement between countries (bilateral agreement such as Norway-Gabon).

Forest Carbon Partnership Facility with Emission Reductions Payment Agreements.

Green Climate Fund with REDD+ Results-based Payments Pilot.

Public finance not sufficient.

Pre 2021 (vintage) REDD+ results.

Voluntary market standards retirements covering 0.5-0.8% of global greenhouse gas emissions annually.

QUESTIONS



THANK YOU.

ndcfacility@dai.com



Financé par l'Union européenne.

