

Ashaninkas: from invisible to protagonist

The brave journey of Peruvian Amazonian indigenous people

By the EU Delegation to Peru



**our world
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our future**

Ruth Buendía, with his mother and younger siblings, Cutivireni community in 1992, after escaping from camps terrorist group "Sendero Luminoso".

The Ashaninkas is an indigenous people living in the central part of the Peruvian Amazon, surrounded by silent rivers and fog. They were for a long time invisible to the rest of the world, protected and at the same time marginalized by the magnificent forest. However, in the 1980's the unnoticed life of the Ashaninkas came to an abrupt end when the armed terrorist group Shining Path settled down by the Ene River and enslaved them for more than a decade. Almost 6,000 Ashaninkas out of a population of 11,000 were killed or starved to death in the camps established by the Shining Path in the middle of the jungle. In spite of this severe impact on their population, the Ashaninkas people managed to organize themselves and leave behind their invisibility and the abuse.

Marked by the violent past and the contemporary feelings of mistrust and prejudice, the Ashaninkas courageously organised themselves in 17 communities headed by the organization "Central de Comunidades del Río Ene" or CARE. In CARE the families join in assemblies to define together the steps towards *kametsa asaike* (wellbeing), as well as the future of their children.

However, this is not an easy way to make decisions and success depends on the often unlikely coincidence of a common vision, a solid organization and a responsible and brave head of community that can take the lead. Luckily, the Ashaninka have all this. In their assembly in 2005, a young woman, Ruth Buendía Mes-toquiari, dared to present herself to lead the organization and against all odds she was elected and became the president of CARE.



Ruth Buendía, with his mother and younger siblings, Cutivireni community in 1992, after escaping from camps terrorist group "Sendero Luminoso".



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Ruth was also one of those girls who had suffered from the violence. After her father was murdered, she had to escape by night, only 11 years old, from one of the Shining Paths' camps, carrying her ill mother and two younger brothers. Ruth made a small, fragile boat of logs, which she navigated on the rushing waters of the Ene River. At sunrise, they were safe. Ruth Buendía has demonstrated herself to be prudent, but firm. Guided by the idea: *"The right to have rights: the human rights and collective rights"*, Ruth has suc-



ceeded to put the demands of the Amazon indigenous people on the national and international agenda. Due to this, Ruth has had to bear threats, insults and indifference, but she has never lacked of support neither from the communities nor the people and institutions that have recognized her experience. This is why Ruth always recognises that *"all these achievements have only been possible thanks to the support of my communities and the loyalty and commitment of our allies."* So, who are these faithful allies?

One of them is the European Union, through the Alternative Development Program in Satipo - DAS, implemented in the province of Satipo, in the central part of the Peruvian Amazonian basin. As partner of this EU bilateral programme, CARE is implementing two objectives: to promote the cocoa produced by the Ashaninkas and to strengthen other indigenous organizations in the Amazon in good governance.

Through the DAS programme, the EU has successfully supported this experience in defence of the rights of indigenous peoples to participate and play a role as citizens. Finally, to end this journey of the Ashaninkas people from living in invisibility to becoming successful protagonists of their lives, we listen to the enthusiastic and emotional words of Ruth Buendía at the ceremony where she received the Goldman Environmental Prize in 2014 for protecting the area in which CARE is located:

"Therefore I speak to you, to remind the world that we are human beings, and that any beautiful word like justice, development and freedom, should be pronounced having us in mind." Ruth Buendía



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The Alternative Development Program in Satipo—DAS, is a bilateral programme financed by the European Union and the Peruvian Government and implemented in the central parts of the Peruvian Amazon by the National Anti-Drug Agency (DEVIDA).

The program contributes to the National Anti-Drug Strategy 2012 – 2016.

Total amount of the program: 10.4 M euro.

Through a grants mechanism the Program supports organizations of local producers to promote the cultivation of alternative products, such as coffee and cocoa, and has facilitated the access to national and international markets, improving the income levels of the local producers.

For more information:
www.careashanika.org,
www.das.org.pe

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