

# PUBLIC FINANCE MANAGEMENT

Module 1:

The Budget Cycle; basics of a PFM system

### Housekeeping Notes



Our daily sessions are scheduled to last 3.5 hours (breaks included).



Make sure to have a headphone connected to your computer, the sound will be better.



Please mute yourself when not talking.



During the training, you can use the chat box to drop questions to the trainers. For all technical related issues, please send a private message to the training team.



Keep next to you a good coffee and a bit of patience, sometimes technology is not perfect.

## Test-in

Dear participants,

please refer to chat box for completion of the test-in survey





#### What is PFM?

Public Financial Management deals with the management of public resources: the allocation and use of resources collected from the economy.



### 3 basic elements of public finance





European

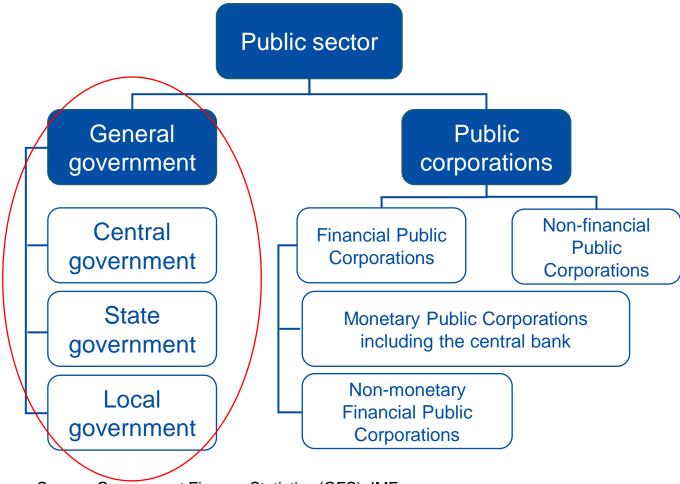
#### What is PFM?

OECD DAC 2009 Definition:

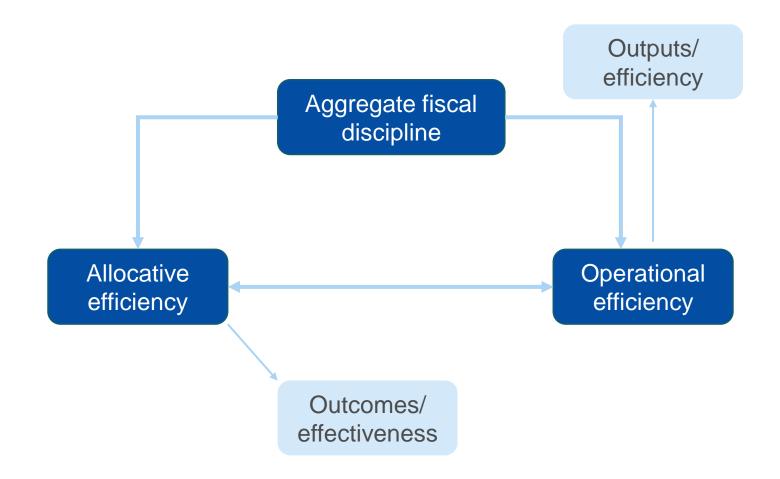
"It includes all components of a country's budget process... including strategic planning, medium-term expenditure framework, annual budgeting and also revenue management, procurement, control, accounting, reporting, monitoring and evaluation, audit and oversight."



#### What is the Government?









#### Aggregate fiscal discipline refers to:

 maintaining a sustainable balance between revenues, expenditures and the level of public debts  respecting the expenditure ceilings at all levels and by all actors of the Government administration



#### **Allocative efficiency refers to:**

Allocating and spending public resources in such a way that attainment of the government objectives is maximised.

# Preconditions for optimising allocative efficiency:

- Clearly defined national objectives and priorities
- Existence of effective sector programmes
- Capacity to plan resources
- Information on results and outcomes



#### **Operational efficiency refers to the:**

Ability to make efficient and effective use of resources in the implementation of strategic priorities.

#### **Key elements**

- Resources to service delivery units
- Use of liquidity (debt, cash management)
- Reduce leakage





PFM is only one of the instruments to implement public policies, but it is probably the more important.



As an instrument, PFM has specific objectives to properly implement policies, which should not be confused with policy objectives.



# Policy



- Aggregate fiscal discipline
- Strategic allocation of resources
- Efficient service delivery

### Outcomes



PFM is an instrument to deliver public policies, it is not a policy as such:

#### **Economic** policies

- Tax policy
- Fiscal policy
- Debt policy

# National and sector policies

- Poverty Reduction Strategy
- Sector strategies, etc



# Budget Cycle Exercise

Match <u>Tasks</u> and <u>Institutions</u> in public finance the six main <u>Stages</u> of the Budget Cycle – 45 mins



### Phase 1. Strategic Planning

Conversion of economic and social policies into a medium-term programme of action, taking into account available resources

Macroeconomic policy

Medium-Term Fiscal Framework

Aggregate Budget and Expenditure Ceilings

fiscal side

National Development Plan

Sector strategies

Costing / fiscal impact assessments





### Phase 2. Budget Preparation

Budget preparation is the process of converting strategic plans into public spending.

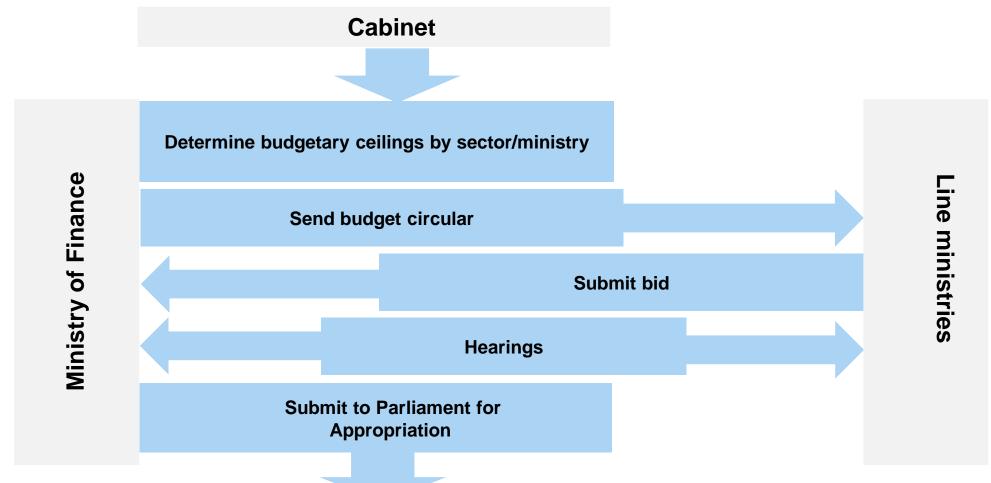
The Budget preparation process must:

- ✓ Be defined in the **legislative framework**: the Constitution, the *Organic Budget Law or PFM Act*, financial regulations and administrative procedures;
- ✓ Should integrate a medium-term rolling process with the annual Budget;
- ✓ Ultimately lead to the executive receiving "authority to spend" by the legislature in the Annual Budget Law known as appropriations.

NB: Changes in the Budget Law require supplementary appropriations

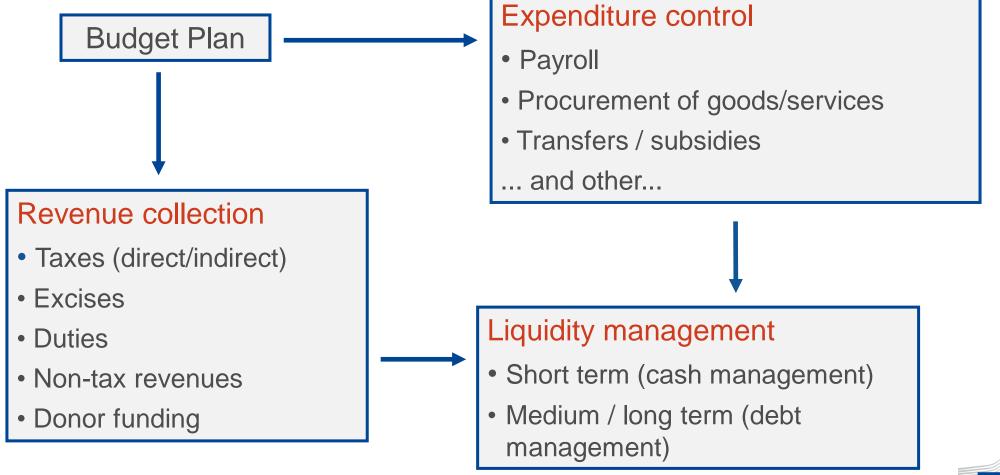


### Phase 2. Budget Preparation





#### Phase 3. Budget Execution





#### Phase 3. Budget Execution

**Authorisation** by the Ministry of Finance or Line Ministry



Commitment to undertake future payment: contract



Verification of delivery to spending unit: liability



Payment Authorisation by Ministry of Finance



Cash Payment by Treasury or Line Ministry



### Phase 4. Accounting & Reporting

#### **Budgetary Accounting**

#### **Definition**

Maintaining records and reporting on the execution of the budget.

#### Aim

Monitor and control compliance with budget appropriations.

#### **Accounting basis**

Cash or accrual, same as the budgeting basis.



### Phase 4. Accounting & Reporting

#### **Financial Accounting**

#### **Definition**

Maintaining records and reporting on revenues and expenditure, assets and liabilities.

#### **Aim**

Annual Financial
Statements;
Revenues and
expenditures;
Balance sheet
(assets and
liabilities).

#### **Accounting basis**

Cash or accrual, does not depend on the budgeting basis.



### Phase 4. Accounting & Reporting

#### **Coding Structure**

Chart of Accounts (CoA)

Coding framework for financial transactions.

#### Aim

Recording each financial transaction for purposes of expenditure control, costing, and economic and statistical analysis.



#### Phase 5. External Audit

# Supreme Audit Institution (SAI):

The institution of the State responsible for public external scrutiny of the government's Annual Financial Statements

"The principal task of SAIs is to examine whether public funds are spent economically, efficiently and effectively in compliance with existing rules and regulations."

**INTOSAI (2009)** 

# International standards require...

- ✓ Independence from executive;
- Legislative mandate enshrined in Constitution



#### Phase 6. Policy Review

- Assessment of actual versus desired government policy outcomes;
- Ex-post analysis of impact of government policy programmes;
- Is there a Performance Assessment Framework (PAF) for monitoring and evaluation?
- Adaptation of Strategic Planning on the basis of analysis of policy implementation.

NB: ... should be integrated with the Strategic Planning Phase of the Budget Cycle



### Key message...





### Key message...

#### Fiscal Year:

Т 4		Budget Execution Account. & Rep.	External Audit Policy Review		
Budget T			Budget Execution Account. & Rep.	External Audit Policy Review	
Budget			Strat. Planning	Budget Execution	External Audit
T+1			& Budget Prep.	Account. & Rep.	Policy Review
	t-2	t-1	t	t+1	t+2



### Keep in touch



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# Thank you



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