

GCCA Project on Climate Change Adaptation and Sustainable Land Management in the Eastern Caribbean

Overview

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The Bottom Line



"Climate could be one of the causes why some countries are trapped in poverty, and Climate Change may make it harder to escape poverty" - IPCC AR 5;

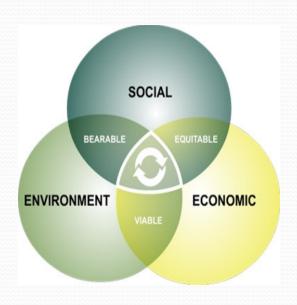
"Well planned, early adaptation action has been shown to save money and lives later. In many instances there is a need for integrated hard and soft approaches to ensure long term sustainability" - IPCC AR 4.

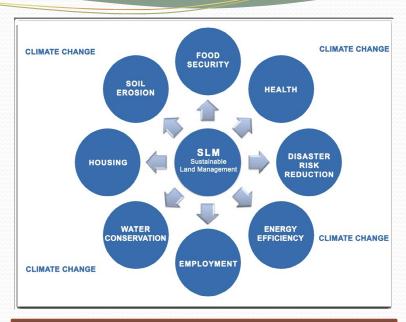


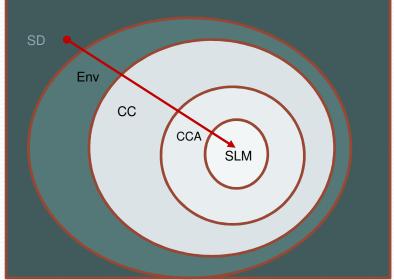
CONCEPT & FOCUS

Definition of the Ideal SLM framework:

Sustainable land management is the maintaining of equilibrium of economic, social and environmental demands on land resources in an environment of responsible governance (Williamson et al. 2009; Deininger et al. 2012).

























GCCA Project on Climate Change Adaptation (CCA) and Sustainable Land Management (SLM) in the Eastern Caribbean



Purpose/Objectives:

To improve the region's natural resource base resilience to the impacts of climate change, through:

- Effective and sustainable land management frameworks and practices (Enhanced SLM regulatory frameworks; Human and technical capacity; and Public Awareness);
- Specific physical adaptation pilots

Funding Agency: European Union

- Global Climate Change Alliance

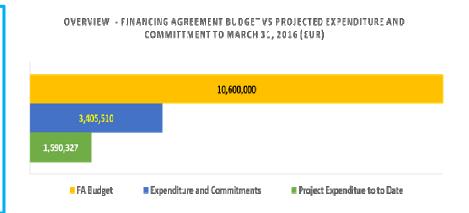
Beneficiary Countries: 6

Independent and 3 Non-independent

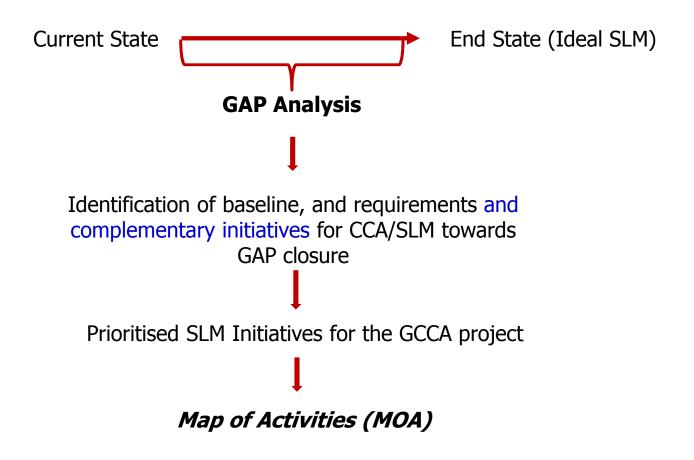
OECS MS

Value: € 10.6M

Duration: Five years (2014 – 2018)











Activities Under Component A

Effective and sustainable land management frameworks and practices

high level of awareness of SLM and CCA concepts	political climate that is sensitive to the roles of SLM/CCA	Supported by clear land policies	supportive institutional environment or arrangement	
Supported by landuse plans and development control measures	<u>ideal</u> <u>frame</u>	Managed by a team of skilled personnel using modern and appropriate technologies		
Supported by land information system	land tenure and land registration systems	Supported by funding regimes	Supported by land laws and other legislation	



Component B Activities

Physical Adaptation Pilots - 15 PAPs in 8 Themes for 9 MSs

		PAPs identified per MS:								
	Thematic Areas:	AIA	ANB	BVI	DOM	GDA	MON	SKN	SLU	SVG
1	Drought Mitigation and Food Security	✓								
2	Water Security					\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		V
3	Flood Mitigation/ Management	√	√			✓	✓			,
4	Watershed/ Forest Rehabilitation									V
5	Slope Stabilization				√		✓		✓	
6	Integrated Watershed and Coastal Management			✓				✓	✓	
7	Ecosystem Restoration/ Rehabilitation				✓					
8	Environmental Health		✓							



















COUNTRY	Physical Adaptation Pilots		
		(EUR)	
Anguilla	Streamlining green waste through composting for improved		
	sustainable soil management		
	Installation of a Control Mechanism for the Inflow and Outflow		
	of water at the Sandy Ground Pond		
Antigua	Restoration of waterways and drainage infrastructure and	613,349	
and	remediation of water-related health issues in Cashew Hill		
Barbuda	community.		
BVI	North Shore Integrated Coastal and Watershed Stabilisation	612,773	
	Project		
Grenada	Promotion of water and food security and protection of	302,740	
	watersheds to sustain livelihoods and adapt to climate change.		
Dominica	Reforestation of degraded dry scrub forest affected by invasive	410,810	
	alien flora species using agroforestry methods to help build		
	resilience to climate change		
	Development of Model Demonstration Station for Sustainable	359,066	
	Land Stabilization Through Adoption of Soil Management and		
	Water Management Activities		





COUNTRY	Physical Adaptation Pilots	Estimate		
		(EUR)		
Montserrat	Soil erosion management for farmers at Duck Pond and	68,493		
	Blake's Estate			
	Flood Management and Slope Stabilization Project: For the	443,836		
	areas affected by the Collins and Caine's rives and			
	associated tributaries			
	Rain water collection and use of solar power for irrigation	53,425		
	at Montserrat National Trust , Salem			
St. Kitts	St. Kitts Water Conservation and Drought Management	273,973		
and Nevis	Project			
	New River Estate Stabilization of Degraded Lands Project	300,575		
St. Lucia	Creating a model watershed in an urban/semi-urban area	362,116		
	that supports SLM, encompasses the ridge-to-reef concept			
	and seeks to address the adverse impacts of climate change.			
	A Participatory process for promoting Mango Biodiversity	133,579		
	in Saint Lucia, towards SLM, Enhanced Food and Nutrition			
	and Security and Sustainable Livelihoods in the face of CC			
St. Vincent	Implementation of an Integrated Watershed Management	416,438		
and the	Plan for the Upper Cumberland and Perseverance			
Grenadines	Watersheds			





EXPECTED RESULT A2: Enhanced SLM institutional, legal and regulatory frameworks at regional and national level

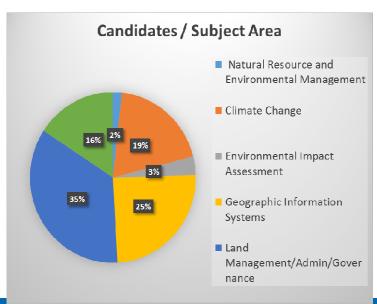
- (i) Policy dialogue through existing and new mechanisms (CUF 4 & 5, OECS COMES and CC Seminars) (OTIs);
- (ii) Revised OECS Building Codes (June, 2015) existing research, CDB/CROSQ, WHO/PAHO/UK;
- (iii) National Land Policies (SLU, SVG, GDA) -AusAID/UNHabitat issues papers and Regional guidelines
- (iv) National Land use plans and local area plans (incl. land cove & capability) CDB/DOM
- (v) BVI's Environmental Management Bill; Montserrat's CC Policy and Action Plan;
- (vi) Repository of reference documents.





EXPECTED RESULT A3: Enhanced SLM human and technical capacity at regional and national level

- (i) Geographic Information Systems (GIS) WB/GeoNode/DVRP; ACS/Mexico/UN; NSDI
- (ii) Supply of tools for CCA and SLM, to build technical capacity in the land management units:
 - Computer Hardware; GIS software; GPS Equipment and software; Surveying Equipment and software; Automatic Weather Stations (AWS); Water and soil testing; Beach profiling
 - iii. Training in Geospatial technologies:
 - GIS, GNSS, LIS, databases
 - iv. Certified training in CCA/SLM policies and strategies





EXPECTED RESULT A4: Improved PA on the risks, threats and opportunities arising from CC at regional & national level



- A. THE LEAF (Terrestrial)
- B. THE HAND (Marine)
- C. THE OECS RAYS (Env.)
- D. THE PEOPLE
- E. LOGO Nomenclature
- ▶ F. TAG LINE

 Building a Network of Networks; Influencing Policy; Building Capacity in Education and Advocacy; Establishing a durable PA infrastructure







EXPECTED RESULT A4: Improved PA on the risks, threats and opportunities arising from CC at regional & national level



























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