



# Service for Foreign Policy Instruments (FPI)

*The EU's Instrument contributing to Stability and Peace (IcSP)*

Marc Fiedrich

Deputy Head of Division  
FPI.2

**Fragility, Security and  
Development in the Context  
of the EU's external action**



Why a separate instrument for  
crisis response?



# Instrument contributing to Stability and Peace (IcSP)

## Objectives



**Article 3 IcSP  
Regulation**  
(at least 70% of budget)

**Assistance in response to situations of crisis or emerging crisis to prevent conflicts**

**Article 4 IcSP  
Regulation**  
(9% of budget)

**Assistance for conflict prevention, peace building and crisis preparedness**

**Article 5 IcSP  
Regulation**  
(up to 21% of budget)

**Assistance in addressing global and trans-regional threats and emerging crisis:**

- Threats to law and order, to security and safety of individuals, to critical infrastructure and to public health
- Mitigation of and preparedness against risks, whether of an intentional, accidental or natural origin, related to CBRN (*chemical, biological, radiological and nuclear*) materials or agents

# Aid under the Instrument contributing to Stability and Peace

A diagram consisting of two white circles with blue outlines, connected by a vertical blue line. The top circle is connected to the first text block, and the bottom circle is connected to the second text block.

**1) Global Reach**

**2) Non "DACable"**

**3) Mobilised when other EU instruments cannot be made available in response to political crisis or natural disasters (Article 3)**

**Areas excluded:**

**Humanitarian Aid; Actions of a military nature**

## Criteria for using IcSP



**Political appropriateness** (Political priority for EU to intervene)

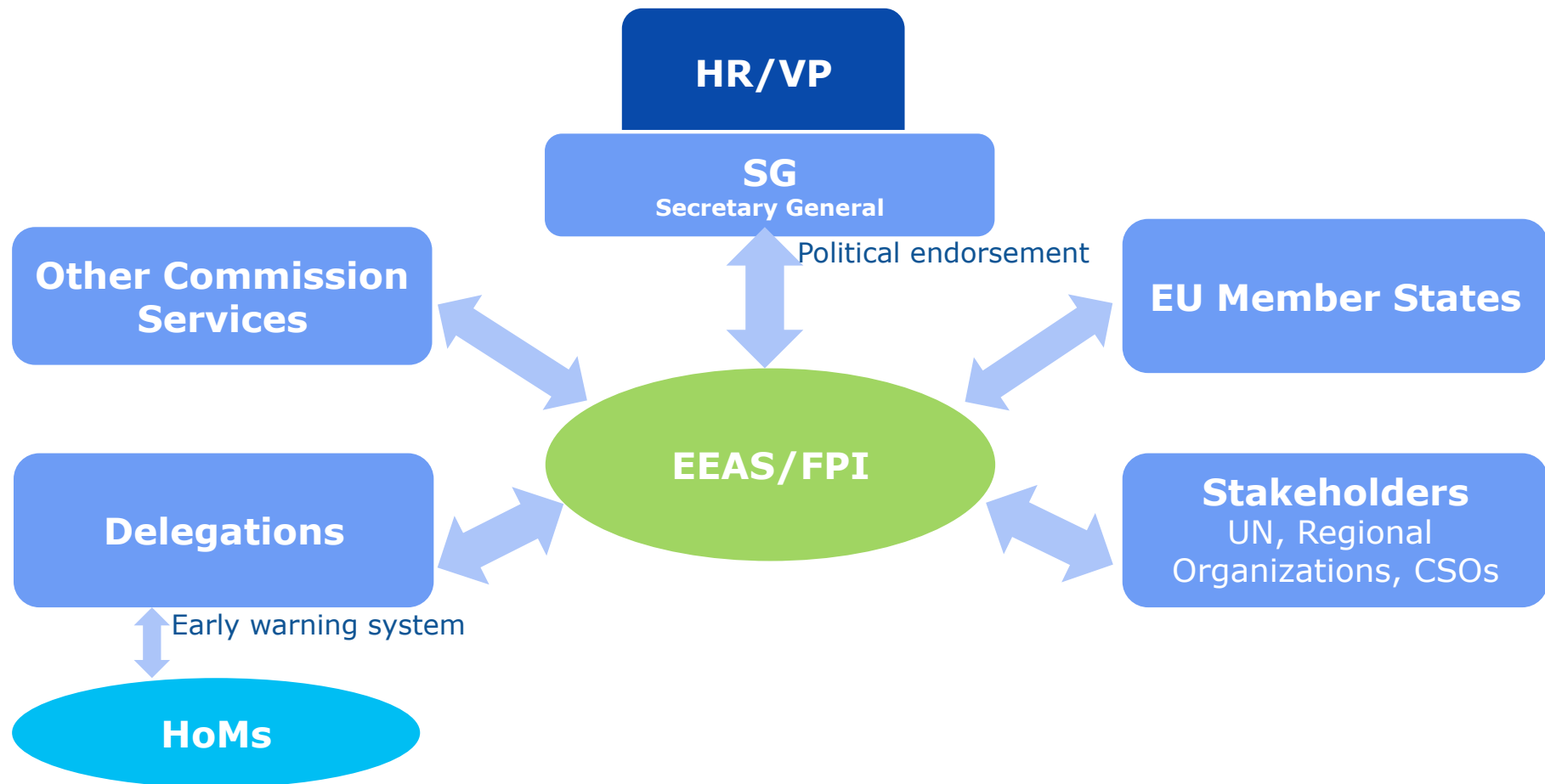
**Eligibility** (within legal and thematic scope set out in IcSP Regulation)

**Feasibility** (suitable implementing bodies; duration; continuity by other instruments)

# Flowchart on how to identify and prepare IcSP interventions (Article 3)



"The Union shall ensure consistency between the different areas of its external action and between these and its other policies. The Council and the Commission, assisted by the High Representative of the Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy, shall ensure that consistency and shall cooperate to that effect" (**Article 21 TEU**)





## **Central African Republic**

Stabilisation of mixed communities in Bangui:

- Complemented EUFOR military stabilisation through economic revitalisation, reconstruction, and cohesion activities in communities at risk to relapse of conflict;
- Accompanied EUFOR deployment as of the inception of the mission in February 2014;



## Somalia

Assist the Min of Defence to exercise civilian oversight over the armed forces:

- complements the EU Training Mission, but also highlights challenges of working on security-development nexus:
- - Necessity of ensuring equipment is only used for civilian purposes.
- - When is training for defence purposes?
- - MoU between the Min, the Del & EUTM