



Disruptive innovations in health information systems in Bangladesh

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Solving public health problems through innovative scientific research

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- 1. Importance of health-MIS
- 2. DHIS2 in Bangladesh
- 3. Data for decision making
- 4. Implications



Importance of MIS

- One of the 6 Health System Building Blocks
- Routine monitoring system comprising of data collection, collation, analysis, feedback and action
- Global experience suggests
 - rarely used in management decision support
 - quality is poor, upward bias
 - policy planners rely on survey data



Bangladesh Facts

A small country
High population density
Remarkable progress in health indicators
Good health at low cost
Epidemiological and demographic transition
Tiered health system
Paper-based to web-based HMIS in 2009



DHIS2: a decision making tool



Bangladesh is using DHIS2 since 2009

DHIS2 is an open source software.

All tires of health system are using DHIS2

Aggregate data from facility, Individual data from community



Other ICT tools used in HMIS





ICT infrastructure



DHIS2 Data system

Aggregate

- EOC
- IMCI
- EPI
- Logistics
- Hospital statistics
- Cervical cancer
- HIV/AIDS

Individual (COIA+)

- Mother
- Child
- Kala Azar patients
- NCD
 - ✓ Hypertension
 - ✓ Diabetes Mellitus



Data visualization: how it helps managers



It is possible for health manager to examine

- Completeness of data
- Accuracy of data
- Monitor OP indicators
- Track own performances
- Find bottleneck
- Compare facilities
- Immediate action



Data for action





Divisional monitoring, Reporting status (%), April- 2016

Organisation units / Data	Monthly EmOC DataSet with Genital Fistula	Monthly IMCI Dataset	Daily OPD and Emergency Visits, Admission Data Set	Monthly HMC meeting	Monthly Hospital Bed Statement	Monthly Major Equipment Information	Cervical and Breast Cancer Screening Programme Report
Faridpur District Hospital, Faridpur	100	100			100		100
Gazipur District Hospital, Gazipur	100	100	83.3		100		100
Gopalganj District Hospital, Gopalganj	100	100	100		100		100
Jamalpur District Hospital, Jamalpur	100	100	100		100	100	100
Kishoreganj District Hospital, Kishoreganj	100	100			100		
Madaripur District Hospital, Madaripur	100	100	60		100		100
Manikganj District Hospital, Manikganj	100	100			100		100
Munshiganj District Hospital, Munshiganj	100	100	90		100	100	100
Narayanganj 300 bed Hospital	100	100		100	100		
Narayanganj General (Victoria) Hospital (100bed)	100	100	33.3	100	100	100	100
Narsingdi District (Development) Hospital, Narshingdi	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Netrokona District Hospital, Netrokona	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Rajbari District Hospital, Rajbari	100	100	93.3		100	100	100
Shariatpur District Hospital, Shariatpur		100			100		100
Tangail District Hospital, Tangail		100	96.7		100	100	100



Divisional monitoring, Bed Occupancy Rate (%), April- 2016





Trend: Bed Occupancy Rate (%), last 11 month





Trend: delivery and Cesarean Section, last 11 month

Gazipur District Hospital, Gazipur

No. of Normal Deliveries 🛛 No. of Cesarean Section





Trend: OPD, IPD, Emergency Patient, last 11 month

Gazipur District Hospital, Gazipur

Outdoor Patients Admission Patients Emergency Patients





COIA+, Type of delivery, last 12 month

Organisation units	n Bangladesh												
Type of delivery / Peri ods	June 2015	July 2015	August 2015	September 2015	October 2015	November 2015	December 2015	January 2016	February 2016	March 2016	April 2016	May 2016	Total
NVD	460	473	507	422	460	376	319	140	67	103	160	143	3 630
Cesarean section	41	53	65	78	46	62	35	34	10	31	52	53	560
Forcep	7	7	6	10	14	13	10	10	2	2	11	14	106
Vacuum	7	5	7	4	1	11	4			1	1	3	44
Destructive operation	11	10	9	13	8	7	18	7	3	5	12	20	123
Vaginal breech delivery	10	7	14	8	3	8	10	8		5	13	9	95
Vaginal face delivery	25	26	34	19	50	41	39	36	8	32	65	44	419
Total	561	581	642	554	582	518	435	235	90	179	314	286	4 977



COIA+, Place of delivery, last 12 month

Organization units	Bangladesh												
Place of delivery	June 2015	July 2015	August 2015	Septembe r 2015	October 2015	November 2015	December 2015	January 2016	February 2016	March 2016	April 2016	May 2016	Total
Medical College Hospital	41	33	45	42	34	41	45	29	5	12	15	25	367
District Hospital	123	147	146	182	154	161	125	67	11	40	56	62	1 274
Upazila Hospital	435	377	425	430	526	572	486	194	64	144	201	204	4 058
MCWC	20	15	18	27	30	45	32	23	5	10	23	6	254
UH & FWC / USC	37	23	43	22	32	46	48	21	3	5	14	8	302
Community Clinic	199	199	192	202	247	284	257	121	43	84	149	119	2 096
Private Hospital / NGO clinic	102	139	143	140	125	162	143	74	18	44	72	80	1 242
Home	1 041	991	1 115	965	1 191	1 092	908	445	112	199	294	265	8 618
Own Facility	15	20	24	19	25	25	28	8	1		4	8	177
Others	33	28	44	26	36	43	25	18	1	3	3	7	267
Total	2 046	1 972	2 195	2 055	2 400	2 471	2 097	1 000	263	541	831	784	18 655



Complain Box

Datetime	Org Name	Message	
05-06-2016	Sarkari Karmochari Hospital- Chankharpol- Dhaka	scigare staplar pin	-
04-06-2016	National Institute of Chest Disease and Hospital (NI	w12/13 rom 10, toileter doroja nai.bacin nai.janalar glas nai	
04-06-2016	National Institute of Kidney Disease and Urology (NI	cash reciver person is not present at his room for a long time.	
01-06-2016	Sher-e-Bangla Medical College Hospital	lowest service every section.	
01-06-2016	National Institute of Ophthalmology (NIO)- Sher-e-B	Sister of outdoor (Room no. 117) was very rude and behaved very toughly. (Time:9.30 a	
31-05-2016	500 Bed Kurmitola General Hospital (Cantonment)	toilet not clean and doctor service very weak not a fast	
31-05-2016	Shaheed Suhrawardy Medical College Hospital	paying bed ward 9 Female 1 Celling fan are not working and insufficient fan. Patients are fi	
31-05-2016	500 Bed Kurmitola General Hospital (Cantonment)	hard to find room numbe. Needed proper direction signe.	
30-05-2016	National Institute of Chest Disease and Hospital (NI	no body present in information desk	
30-05-2016	Barhatta Upazila Health Complex	there is no sufficient tablet and capsule	





Human Resource Management

Agency				Number of s	anctioned, fille	ed- up and vacant p	posts			
DGFP										
DGHS	Class		Sanctioned	Filled-up (Male)	Filled-up (Female)	Filled-up	p (Total)	Filled-up (%)	
Directly under MOHFW	Class 1	1	26,227	1	1,868	5,920		17,788	67.82	
DNS	Class 2	2	19,388		1,340	11,914		13,254	68.36	
NIPORT	Class 3	3	65.945	33	3 245	17.551	ļ	50,796	77.03	
Other Ministry/not elsewhere	Class 4	4	27 387	12	2 194	4 231		16 425	59.97	
	Grand	Total	138 947	55	2 647	30,616		08.263	70.72	
	oruna	Total	130,347	50	5,047	39,010		30,203	10.12	
				Percent distribution of male and female staff						
			Class 1	Class 2 C			ass 3		Class 4	
# Total Facility :	100				89.89					
18,091	80 -							74.24		
		66.72				65.45		74.24		
# Total Sanctioned post :	60 -									
138,947	Value									
	40 -		33.28				34.55			
# Total fillup post : 98,263									25.76	
	20 -			10.11						
	0									
	-	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	



Human Resource Management

Agency	Class	Profession Category	Sanctioned	Filled up (Male)	Filled up (Female)	Filled up (Total)	Vacant	Vacancy %
DGHS Class 1		Dental Surgeon	588	251	145	396	192	33.1
		Medical Technologi	2	0	0	0	2	100.0
		Nurse	59	3	17	20	39	61.2
		Physician	25,841	11,889	6,003	17,892	7,949	43.9
Class 2 Class 3 Class 4	Medical Technologi	159	93	19	112	47	37.1	
		Nurse	17,750	866	11,307	12,173	5,577	64.8
	Class 3	Field Staff	39,810	19,190	14,387	33,577	6,233	32.9
		Medical Technologi	4,745	2,877	519	3,396	1,349	53.2
		Nurse	1,398	356	138	494	904	54.8
		Support Staff	24	3	0	3	21	76.7
	Class 4	Field Staff	4	0	0	0	4	100.0
		Support Staff	27,369	12,168	4,222	16,390	10,979	53.6
Grand Total			117,749	47,696	36,757	84,453	33,296	45.9



Attendance System

Those who recorded presence by bio metric machine



Organization Name	Total Employee	Total Attendance
Dhamrai Upazila Health Complex	95	66
Dohar Upazila Health Complex	50	21
Savar Upazila Health Complex	90	12
Alfadanga Upazila Health Complex	39	20
Sadarpur Upazila Health Complex	32	24
Tongi 50 Beded Hospital	110	66
Gazipur District Hospital	148	70
Kaliakair Upazila Health Complex	71	55
Kaliganj Upazila Health Complex	94	25



Active sending data

Active not sending data



SHARE Baseline study, 2015

Current status

- Online system is established
- Computers, laptops, tablets, supplied, installed and in operation
- All data operators are trained
- Data input is customized
- Real-time data available

Success factors

- Strong leadership (Champion)
- Effective collaboration
- Donors support
- Political commitment
- A team-work approach



Key challenges

- Internet connectivity
- Data quality
- Motivation of managers
- Skills and knowledge
- Little use at local level



Way forward

>Capacity development of health manager for data analysis, interpretation, feedback and use for better resource allocation and decision making

> Create online training module so that user can learn from distance

> Create dashboard for each layer of user so that they can visualize and use data improving governance and stewardship

- > Development of web portal, using TABLEAU, CLICDATA etc.
- > Technical assistance to neighboring countries



Conclusions

- A Disruptive Innovations in the field of on-line Health-MIS
- Now *real time* data are available for
 - monitoring and evaluation
 - measurement and accountability
 - enhance competition
 - benchmarking for evaluation
 - research
- All these were possible due to strong collaboration and presence of a benevolent leader
- Showcase for neighboring countries
- Need for further strengthening and regional collaboration to support achieving health SDG targets



Orientation of Line-Directors of Health Department on DHIS2 data visualization





Divisional training for district mangers







Divisional training for district mangers





Measurement and Accountability for Health













