

Geoinformation for Disaster Risk Reduction South Eastern Africa

DIPECHO-SEA

« Providing Geographical Information Systems (GIS) technical support for Disaster Risk Reduction programs implemented by DIPECHO partners in the South East African and South West Indian Ocean region »

Arnaud RAULIN – Project manager

United Nations International Conference on Space-based Technologies for Disaster Risk Management: "Best Practices for Risk Reduction and Rapid Response Mapping" Beijing, China 22-25 November 2011

GI4DRR – www.gi4drr.org



GI4DRR – www.gi4drr.org

Principal objective

To contribute to support the DIPECHO partners and beneficiaries in **the practical application of GIS tools to address disaster preparedness and response planning challenges** faced by local institutions, authorities and communities.

Specific objectives

Creation of a **common GIS based dialogue** among regional DIPECHO partners that support disaster preparedness activities through:

1) the promotion of existing GIS DRR support agencies and mechanisms;

2) the creation of a regional multi-lingual DRR database;

3) the development of improved hazard and vulnerability mapping

1) Promotion of GIS/DRR support agencies and international mechanisms



- To provide a general introduction to GIS and space-based information for DRR;
- To describe existing international mechanisms;
- To **explain the role of UN-SPIDER** and its cooperation and coordination with these mechanisms.

Results

- 150 participants from ministries, national institutions, NGOs, donors and UN
- Started the identification of a UN-Spider focal point in each country

2) Regional multi-lingual DRR database

Objectives

To improve DRR related knowledge about areas supported by DIPECHO partners, by:

- **Providing** a thematic data set;
- **Facilitating** data exchange;
- **Promoting** data collection.

Approach

In collaboration with partners, definition of DRR data sets related to 5 thematics:

- Early warning system;
- Capacity building;
- Infrastructures;
- Wash-sanitation;
- Food security.

2) Regional multi-lingual DRR database

Local database





Data visualization: Vector background and tree tables Data query: geographic query by pointing

Data entry and editing :

- through editing interface by pointing and entering
- Through XML files import

2) Regional multi-lingual DRR database

Online database <u>www.gi4drrdb.coopi.org</u>

Country: Madagascar V NGO: Medair CH V Act	ivity type: Select an activity type		Марра	a Satellife	Linux MySC	2 / Apa 2 L da	ache We tabase	bserver /
				alawi Oresai Alawi	NCC: C	Locative Activity I of pe	Namberson Revealed a served: 2514	frastructures
Google		Emagini 62011 Digi	alcible Garlye Hermini e d	Lunger Hunger Sondiz	IN Notice Parallel Contraction	etwo Dikino us Liching	vas ona Nonse Huntro Biok D1	ea Parks Neeses Northe Beck B Beck B Manges Nariges Nariges Nariges Nariges
Show 10 entries	Status # villages served	Search:	Established by	Date				
💿 🌐 Madagascar Medair Early Warning System Aérodrome	Not N/A	N/A	MEDAIR	40817	NGO Activity type	GOAL Early Warning	Number of villages Number of people	N/A N/A
- CH - otner Maroantsetra	active				Activity type	rain gauge	Who did establish it?	GOAL
Data visualization · Googleman background and tables					Location	Malekesa	When was it	2010
Duta visualization : Google map background and tables.					Latitude	-16.97573	Information	Local committee, Governmental
Data query: drop down menus Country / NGO / Activity type					Longitude	35.27105	Information transmitted by	Cellphones
Data anti- and aditing .					Altitude		Past data	data kept by the area civil protect committee
Data entry and editing :					Status	1	Note	1 Carlos construction of a second s
Online through restricted	area							×

• Using E-tablets with Android application Open Data Kit (ODK)



Implementation of the pilot projects in the area of intervention of the DIPECHO partners

Pilot projects GI/DRR Participatory GIS

Definition

Participatory mapping based on a satellite image

PGIS is a **participatory mapping method** facilitating the integration of **local knowledge and perceptions in geographic information systems** in order to improve decision making in the context of Disaster Risk Reduction.

Methodology

- **Image acquisition**: Very High Resolution images (Quickbird, GeoEye, Worldvision) or medium resolution images (LandSat 5 and LandSat 7)
- **Pre-processing**: Layer stacking, Pansharpening, Printings
- **PGIS session** with local communities or local authorities, who represent on the satellite image areas where hazards occur
- Digitizing and layout creation

Pilot projects GI/DRR Participatory GIS

PGIS at community level

8 NGO in 3 countries - 9 maps produced





Fokontany Amboanafo, Commune rurale de Mahatsara-Sud, district de Mananjary, Madagascar, 05/07/2011



 Fambolen-kazo
 Forêt communautaiı Alam-pokonolona
 Rizière
 Fambolem-bary
 Village
 Tanàna
 Crocodiles
 Voay
 Entrée de vents
 Fidiran'ny rivotra

Pilot projects GI/DRR Participatory GIS

PGIS at district level

4 NGOs in 2 countries - 6 maps produced





Mossuril District , Mozambique, 26/04/2011



Pilot projects GI/DRR Participatory GIS

	Community level	District level					
Images	(Very) High Resolution	Medium resolution					
Area	Small	Large					
Cost	Expensive	Free					
Participant comprehension	Fast	Longer					
Technical skills	High	Medium					
Sharpness	High	Medium					
Uses according to needs							
	Activity design	Project design					

Chronological approach = Overview at district level and close-up at community level

Pilot projects GI/DRR Participatory GIS

PGIS vs classical participatory mapping

- To collect data at a scale often not existing in national institutions
- To transmit a harmonized vision and a common perception of the area

Both

- from the participants to the investigators;
 - To **create a dialogue** on issues not necessarily discussed outside of the session time.

Pros	Cons
 Faster Sharper (no distortion) More complete / less omissions Different and fun 	 Could be expensive Technically complicated for some steps Constraint to reality lowering the collection of information related to perception

Objectives

Exploring possibilities offered by Geographic Information to solve problems met by partners

Approaches

- Data acquisition / Management
- Data analysis

Communication

Data acquisition / Management

To provide data or manage existing data for the partners

• 25 200 Km² of high resolution images - SPOT 5 - provided for free by Planet action <u>www.planet-action.orq</u>



Data acquisition / Management

To provide data or manage existing data for the partners

 25 200 Km² of high resolution images - SPOT 5 provided for free by Planet action <u>www.planet-action.org</u>





staction

Data acquisition / Management

To provide

- 25 200 Km² of high res provided for free by Plane
- 1 148 km² of high reso provided by EADS / ASTRI





Data acquisition / Management

To provide data or manage existing data for the partners

- 25 200 Km² of high resolution images SPOT 5 provided for free by Planet action <u>www.planet-action.org</u>
- 1 148 km² of high resolution TerraSAR-X DEM over Grande Comore provided by EADS / ASTRIUM



EADS

 Existing Data Management: Organization (geodatabase), Improvement (topology) update (field collection)

Data analysis

To perform data analysis to facilitate partners' tasks

Updated topographic maps and Hazard mapping in Chinde district (Mozambique)

Data analysis



Data analysis



Data analysis

To perform data analysis to facilitate partners' tasks

Updated topographic maps and Hazard mapping in Chinde district (Mozambique)

Identification of suitable areas for agriculture, Ilha do Moçambique district (Mozambique)

Data analysis



Communication

To test innovative communication technology in real conditions

Tablet SAMSUNG GALAXY GT-P1000 Operating System Android 2.2 (FroYo) ODK Collect 1.1.5.apk (<u>http://opendatakit.org</u>)

Field activities monitoring (Madagascar and Malawi)



Live data transmission through GPRS network

GI4DRR – www.gi4drr.org

To conclude

- Strong participation: institutions, on the field, data providers.
- High needs and strong interest from the field
- Technical challenge
- Need for scientific validation
- Data sharing issues

... Dipecho 3

Moving from « making for » to « making with »

Open issues

- Targeting the planning **within the communities** through the integration of maps as planning instruments
- Integration of 'participatory' maps within NSDI an open issue

Thank you GI4DRR – www.gi4drr.org

COOPI

Arnaud Raulin

Regional Project Manager - Madagascar gis@coopi.org

Alexandre Castellano

Regional Advisor / Country Coordinator - Malawi castellano@coopi.org

Paola Fava

IT officer - Italy innovation malawi@coopi.org

Jean Eric Andriambahiny

IT officer - Madagascar <u>ajeric@moov.mg</u>

Z_GIS

Pr Peter Zeil

Senior Project Officer peter.zeil@sbg.ac.at

Dr Stefan Kienberger

Researcher / Project Manager stefan.kienberger@sbg.ac.at

UN SPIDER

David Stevens

Programme Coordinator UNSPIDER <u>david.stevens@unoosa.org</u>







Let's improve the world, together.

Z<u>G</u>IS





