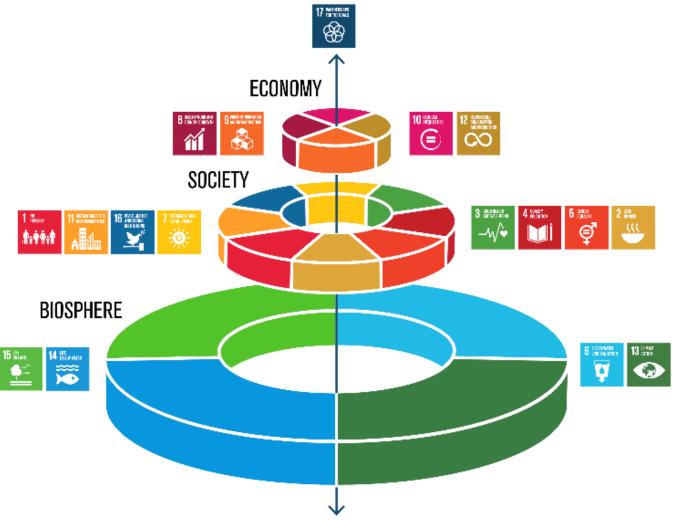


Post 2020 global biodiversity framework

DEVCO Environment Week 15 October 2018

Session on biodiversity
Anne Theo Seinen, DG ENV/D2





How food connects all SDGs: Stockholm Resilience Centre

Graphics by Jerker Lokrantz/Azote



Biodiversity, nature, ecosystems

- CBD is encompassing framework, complementing CMS, Ramsar, CITES etc
- Key pressures: habitat loss, climate change, invasive alien species (IAS), pollution, unsustainable production and consumption, etc.
- Mainstreaming, mainstreaming and mainstreaming
- Biosafety, access & benefit sharing (ABS) Cartagena and Nagoya Protocol
- Financial resources, capacity building, technology transfer

Global biodiversty crisis

Source: IPBES
Regional assessment
For Europe and
Central Asia





CBD COP 14 → COP 15 post 2020 framework

- Transformational change
- Ambitious, realistic, and as far as possible measureable and time-bound targets
- Voluntary commitments
- High level political processes, IPBES 6, G7, IUCN
 WCC, UN Biodiversity summit, EU
- Raising public awareness, campaigns
- Action agenda for mob. stakeholders and business
- Mobilisation of Resources



At EU level:

Step up actions in the remaining years

• E.g. Action Plan for Nature, People and the Economy, upcoming guidances on ecosystem services and green infrastructure, etc.

Evaluation of the EU Biodiversity Strategy to 2020

- Consultations and two stakeholder events
- Commission Communication on the evaluation in last quarter 2020 (together with EU State of Nature report)

Post-2020 EU Biodiversity strategy

To be adopted after CBD COP15



How EU Delegations can contribute

- Foster political support
- Encourage development of voluntary commitments
- Engage stakeholders, including through the implementation of projects
- Help making the interlinkages
- Promote relevant tools and initiatives
- Workshops, dialogues etc, e.g. under new project for outreach under the Foreign Policy Instrument

Thanks!