

Promoting green business through Private Sector Development in Vietnam

Thanh Hoang

EU Delegation to Vietnam



In this presentation

- Vietnam country in context
- Green initiatives of private sector in Vietnam
- Challenges and opportunities for green business
- EU contributions to promote green business in Vietnam



Vietnam in context

- Extensive exploitation of natural resources and low competitiveness.
- Fast development with **trade & investment** as key drivers
- FDI driving employment growth for basic assembly jobs.
- But potential is not fully tapped ...
 - low value-added activities with weak domestic linkages
 - **high value functions stay** outside of Vietnam and innovation capabilities not nurtured.
- To maintain the high-growth:
 - nurture competitive and productive domestic private sector
 - strengthen **productivity** growth



National policies on green growth

- Vietnam National Strategy for Sustainable Development, period 2011 2020
- National Strategy (2011 2020 with vision to 2050) and Action Plan (2014 2020) for Green Growth
- National Programme on Energy Saving and Energy Efficiency
- National Programme on Sustainable Consumption and Production.



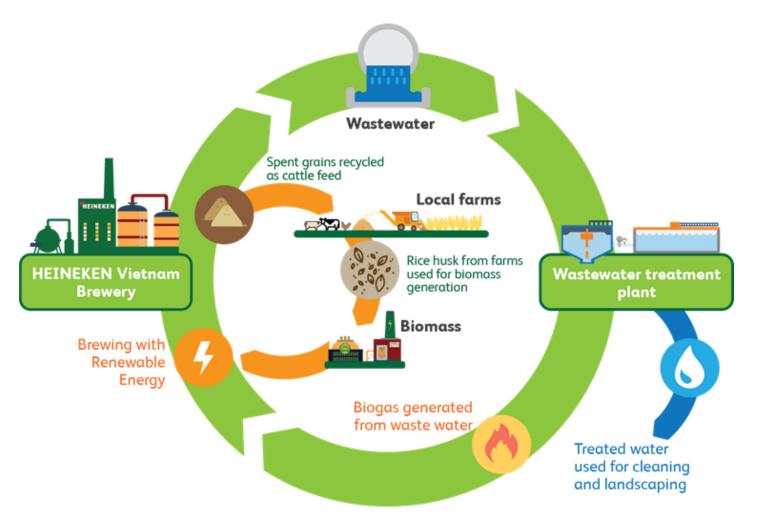
Green business in Vietnam

- Vietnam Business Council for Sustainable Development (VBCSD).
- Corporate Sustainability Index (CSI) to promote role of business sector in the achievement of SDGs through recognition of champion in green business.
- Stock Exchange market launched the first Green Index (Vietnam Sustainability Index) tracking sustainability performance of 20 companies in Viet Nam.





Green business in Vietnam (Heineken)



FDIs (Heineken, Coca-Cola, Ericsson, Puma...) are coaching its suppliers in Vietnam in resource efficiency and promote development of value chains.



Challenges for green business

- Commitment of SME management.
- SMEs lack of technical, financial and knowledge capacities.
- Lack of practical policy to support green business (still stay at strategy, action plan)
- Not yet strong demand for green finance due to:
 - lack of pressure from government.
 - low awareness on investment potentials & funding sources among SMEs.
 - lack of knowledge on green investment concept and green technologies: financial institutions hesitate to make more green finance available for SMEs.

Opportunities for green business

- Increasing number of Vietnamese consumers are willing to spend more on food produced from safe and environmentally friendly materials.
- More small and start-up businesses are interested in green products.
- Eco-friendly products will be offer competitive advantage for business in the coming years.



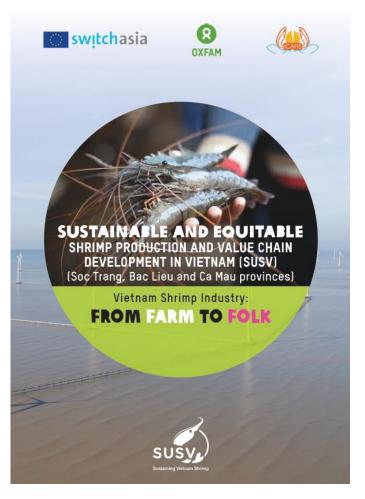
EU supports green business in Vietnam (1)

• Green Technology Mission to Vietnam (2017) to help companies from leading nations in the renewable energy technologies (France, Germany and Spain) to find potential partners in Vietnam.

• The EU Delegation maintains a close cooperation with private sector (EuroCham, Industry Associations) and CSO (Energy Alliance) and take their views into account during policy dialogues with government.



EU supports green business in Vietnam (2)



Sustainable value chains of shrimp project

- Improvement of 2000 small scale producers' technical capacity in:
 - application of VIETGAP, ASC standards.
 - farming upgrading (electricity, water supply, waste water treatment)
- Change in private sector's business mindsets and practice:
 - investment by 15 SMEs in small scale producer groups;
 - improvement of CSR practice in 22 SMEs
- As a result 7000 small scale producers in 3 provinces have applied and saved up to 30% energy cost.



EU supports green business in Vietnam (3)

Sustainable value chains of Eco-BioTrade project

Improved understanding of consumer on potential of natural medicinal ingredients for health:

- increasing demand for traditional medicines made from natural ingredients,
- encouraging investment of private sector and government supports to the natural ingredient production

- 22 value chains fully certified (organic, GACP).
- 6,000 farmers participate in 15 bio-trade value chains (as increase sustainable income).
- A bio-trade community of 30,000 followers (natural medicinal herbs and bio-trade certification).
- Annual reduction of 4,811 tons of CO2 emission and 382 tons of material loss within the first 2 years;





EU supports green business in Vietnam (4)

- **Energy sector** is among 3 main highest potentials for GHG emission reduction and is one of focal sectors under the National Green Growth Strategy/Action Plan.
- The **EU Support to Energy Sector Programme** (TA and budget support): enhance the governance of the sector through facilitating the shift to a more sustainable energy development path:
 - energy efficiency (chemical, steel, beverage, plastic and paper)
 - renewable energy (Solar and wind power).
- **Key actions:** Regulatory framework improvement; technical and methodological capacities; fostering technology transfer.



EU supports green business in Vietnam (5)

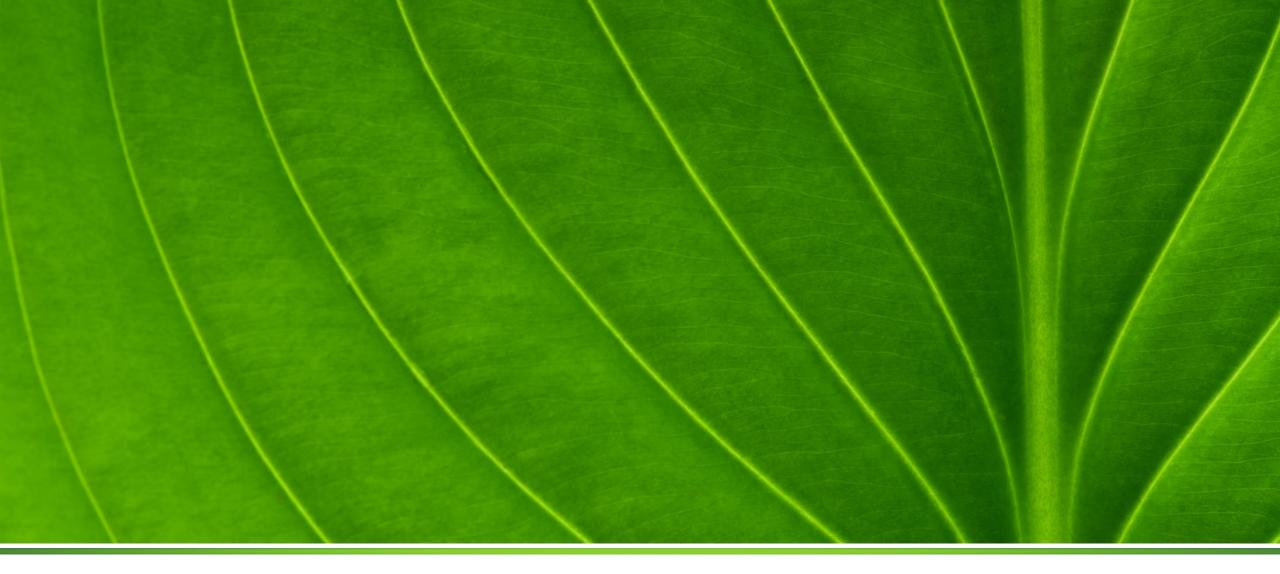
- Economic governance programme provide capacity building support to
 - review of current tax policies to include renewable energy and green public procurement.
 - create incentives (policy & framework) for green investments
- ARISE+ project: to maximise Viet Nam's benefits from preferential trade regimes with a focus on regional agreements and the EU-Viet Nam Free Trade Agreement (EVFTA).
 - One of the results is "High quality products and services from Viet Nam are exported to the EU, with a focus on SME internationalisation and sustainable business practices"



EU supports green business in Vietnam (6)

- EVFTA (chapter 13): promote sustainable development through fostering the contribution of trade and investment related aspects on environmental issues.
 - Domestic law and multilateral environmental agreements;
 - Climate change mitigation (sustainable energy);
 - Biological diversity (wildlife trafficking/conservation);
 - Sustainable Forest Management and Trade in forest products (FLEGT);
 - Trade and sustainable management of living marine resources and aquaculture products (IUU);
 - Trade and Investment favouring sustainable development.
- The on-going efforts for signing and ratifying the EVFTA have maintained a momentum of Viet Nam for reviewing/revising relevant regulations, including the ones on environment, in a coming few years.







Thank you!