



# Bridging the Gaps in eTrade Readiness

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# ON THE CUSP OF A NEW DIGITAL ECONOMY



The digital evolution has major implications for the implementation of

the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development



**Reduced cost** 

of hard drive storage



**Robotics** 



Artificial intelligence



Internet of Things (IoT)



Cloud computing



Big data analytics



**3D printing** 

# BOTH OPPORTUNITIES AND RISKS FOR DEVELOPING COUNTRIES







Empowerment of women



Greater participation in global market & value chains





Widening digital divides with increased

income inequality



Elimination of jobs and tasks due to automation



Consumer protection, data privacy & cybercrime

# BOTH OPPORTUNITIES AND RISKS FOR DEVELOPING COUNTRIES



### The impacts depend on:

- the readiness of countries
- the enterprises and people to take advantage of digitalization

# Preparing for the digital economy requires:

a concerted, holistic, cross-sectoral and multi-stakeholder approach to policy making.



Governments



Technical and academic community





Private sector

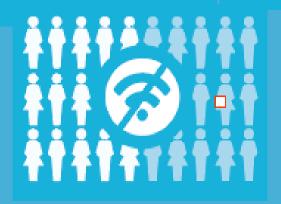
### THERE ARE MANY DIVIDES



### **Global connectivity gap**

50% remains offline

only
1 in 6
in LDCs
is connected



### **Gender gap**

in Internet use is most pronounced in developing countries



## **MSMEs are** less prepared

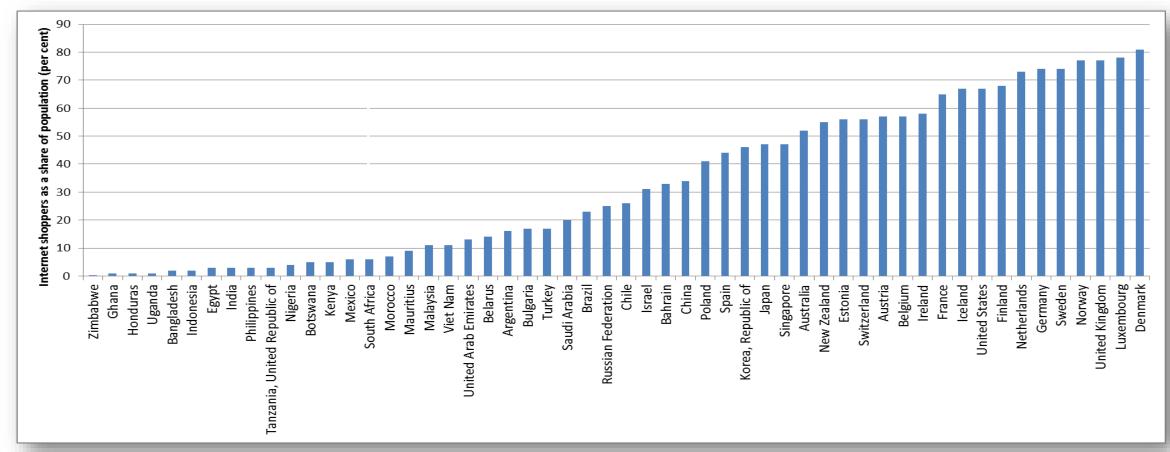
to take advantage of the digital economy



Sources: UNCTAD, ITU

### THE E-COMMERCE DIVIDE IS HUGE





Source: UNCTAD.

#### 7 POLICY AREAS ON ETRADE READINESS





## UNCTAD PROGRAMME ON E-COMMERCE AND THE DIGITAL ECONOMY





#### RAPID E-TRADE READINESS ASSESSMENTS



To raise awareness of e-commerce opportunities and challenges Focus on seven key policy areas of eTrade for all Readiness gaps identified and measures proposed to address them — action matrix Completed: Bhutan, Burkina Faso, Cambodia, Lao PDR, Liberia, Madagascar, Myanmar, Nepal, Samoa, Senegal, Solomon Islands, Togo, Uganda, Vanuatu, Zambia Ongoing: Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Lesotho and Malawi Planned in 2019: Benin, Iraq (Non LDC), Kiribati, Mali, Niger, Tanzania and Tuvalu Donors: Germany, Sweden, EIF, ITFC Contributions from eTrade for all partners

#### COMMON CHALLENGES IN LDCS





Lack of a shared vision and strategy for e-commerce, no statistics!



ICT infrastructure is in place in main cities but missing in rural areas



Lack of postal addressing system for the last mile delivery



Legal and regulatory framework for e-commerce needs updating 60 developing countries lack data protection legislations



95% or more of payments for e-commerce are cash on delivery



ICT and other digital skills often not part of national education curriculum



Financing for e-commerce startups perceived as risky by banks and accelerators are often missing

#### ETRADE FOR ALL IS EXPANDING...

الانتتلوا





100% growth since 2016



Latest partner to join

#### DIGITAL POLICY DIALOGUES ARE ESSENTIAL

#### Africa eCommerce Week in a nutshell



















2,100 Registered **Participants** 

60+ Sessions



High level Dialogue

Ministerial **Round Tables** 



231 Speakers and

moderators



41%

Women

**78** 

Countries represented 43%

Least Developed **Countries** 

87%

African countries represented



537

Government representatives



714

**Private Sector** representatives



179

**Civil Society** representatives



out of 29

30+ sessions









4,500+ **Tweets** 



150 million **Impressions** 



200,000 **Content Views**  Africa eCommerce Week

eTrade for All partners attending



#### **UPCOMING DIALOGUE OPPORTUNITIES**

















Intergovernmental Group of Experts on Ecommerce and the Digital Economy

3-5 April 2019

"The value and role of data in e-commerce) and the digital economy and its implications for inclusive trade and development."





**18-19 June 2019 in Brussels** 





### Thank you!