EVALUATION IN HARD TO REACH AREAS

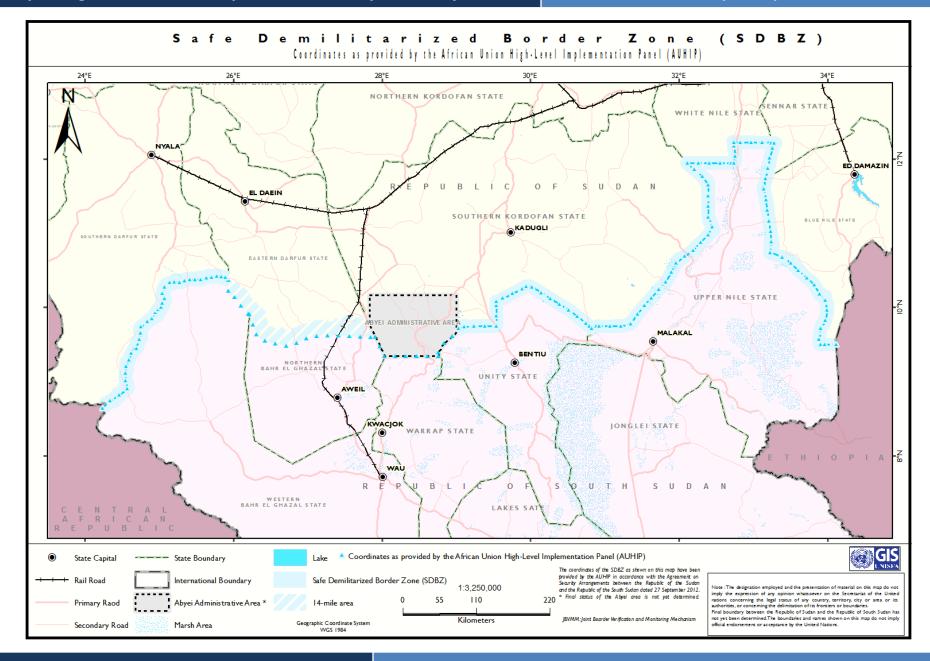
Conflict Sensitivity:

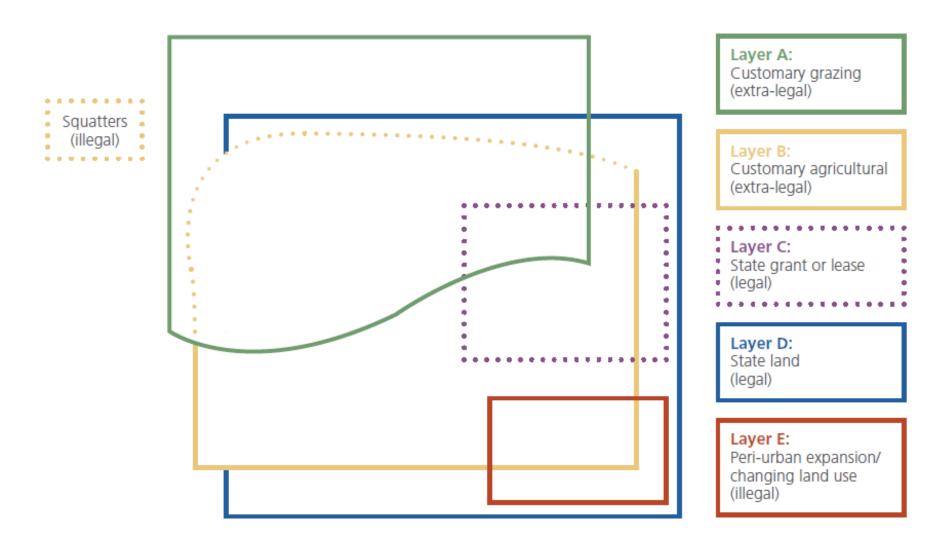
A criterion for evaluations in the contexts of violent conflicts

ABYEI CASE STUDY

Improving Livelihoods, Social Peace and Stability in Abyei

Marco De Gaetano – Natural Resource Management Expert Brussels, 17 May 2019





FAO, 2016. Land and people in protracted crises



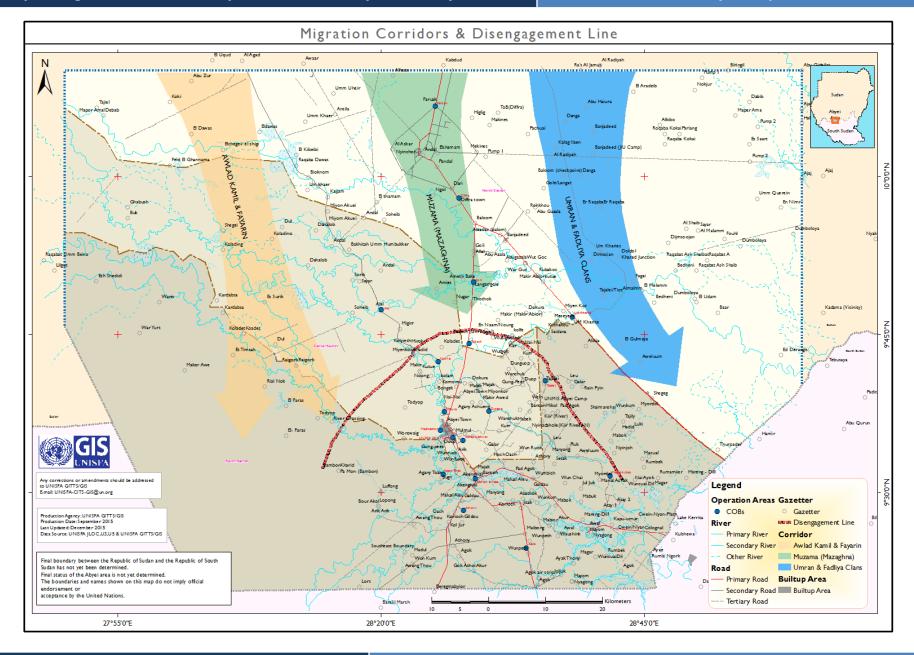




Three Pillars

- I. Assessing the natural resources to promote its efficient utilization and future development
- II. Promoting dialogue, confidence and peacebuilding through improving access to the natural resources
- III. Supporting livelihoods and business initiatives

- Holistic vision: socio-ecological system
- Do Not Harm / conflict sensitivity
- Dialogue and negotiation / Inclusiveness
- Opportunities for trust building and conflict mitigation:
 - People/livelihood common interest
 - Win/win solutions





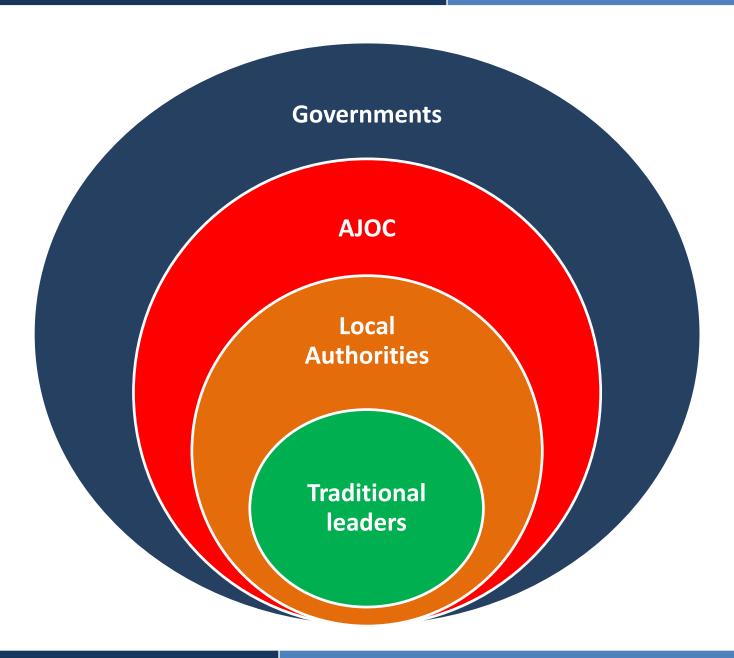


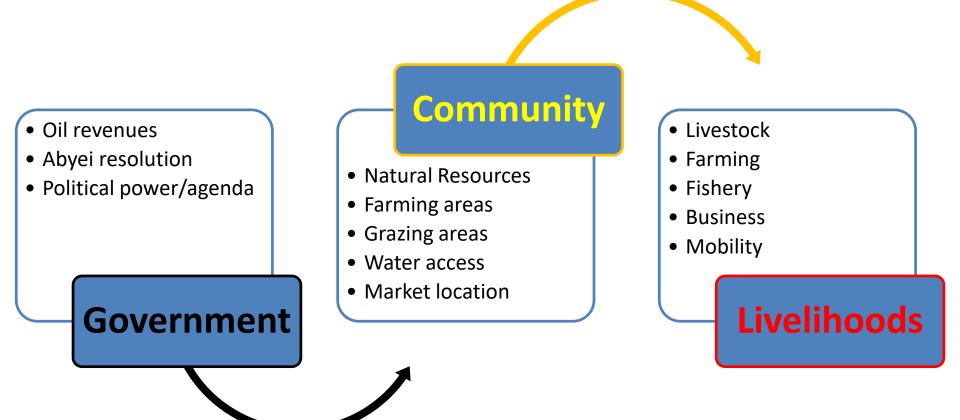
Myssiryia

- Sudan Government
- Abyei Joint Oversight Committee (AJOC)
- Oil company
- Nomads (pastoralist)
- Settled communities (traders)
- Traditional leaders
- Armed groups (peace spoilers)
- Criminals (peace spoilers)

Dinka Ngok

- South Sudan Government
- Abyei Joint Oversight Committee (AJOC)
- Local authorities
- Relief and Rehabilitation Committee (RRC)
- Traditional leaders
- Settled communities (agropastoralist)
- Criminals (peace spoilers)













Dinka Ngok / Misseryia peace agreement (March 2016)

- 1. Peaceful coexistence between the two communities through cessation of hostilities and mutual respect.
- 2. Apprehending the criminals and peace spoilers:
 - how to deal with them
 - return stolen goods (including livestock)
 - take criminals to UNISFA
 - establishment of traditional courts for criminals trials
- 3. Facilitate the movement of the nomads to water points and grazing lands according to the three migrations corridors:
 - Establishment of local committees organizing the routes and receive complaints
 - Organization of two coordination meetings; the first before the arrival of nomads and the second before the way back
 - Define the functions and terms of reference for the committee of 20 members
- 4. Establishment of committees to manage the market and to identify location.



- Animal health services
- Natural resource management assessment
- Migration/Peacebuilding conferences (women, youth, community leaders)



Mysseryia area









Conflict process indicators

- Number of new Natural Resource Management Committees (NRMC)/peacebuilding institutions targeted
 Number of resource based conflict resolution/compensatory mechanisms in place (related to provide the provide pr
- Number of resource-based conflict resolution/compensatory mechanisms in place (related to cattle rustling, bloody compensation, criminal actions, water access, sharing of farming/grazing areas).
- Frequency of NRM/peace building meetings (once per year, per month, per week).
- Composition of the NRMC/peacebuilding committee (local authorities, per gender, per community groups traditional leaders, cattle herders, farmers, youth).
- Number of topics discussed (water points access and use, migration routes, farmers/cattle herders land agreements) within NRM/Peacebuilding committees.
- Number of peace/territorial agreements achieved among parties in conflict facilitated through the intervention.
 Number of activities/livelihood services delivered and people targeted with the involvement.
- Number of activities/livelihood services delivered and people targeted with the involvement of communities members in conflict.

Conflict impact indicators (Perceived Credibility Index)

- Number of security incidents trend diminished (cattle raids, ambushed community members).
- Perception of key selected local authorities members on the peace situation and its trend.
- Perception of key selected community members on the peace situation and its trend.
- Perceived credibility of key local authorities and communities members towards the intervention supporting the peacebuilding process.

Monitoring and Evaluation

- ✓ Emergency/development approach
- Development of effective coordination mechanisms
- Engaging local authorities as technical partners
- ✓ Support genuine peacebuilding process initiated by traditional leaders based on their livelihood needs
- ✓ Neutrality, inclusiveness and transparency
- Adopt do no harm and conflict sensitivity approach
- Direct implementation



UNISFA Abyei Camp