Version – June 2025 GERF 3.14

Global Europe Results Framework Indicator Methodology Note

1. Indicator code and name

GERF 3.14: Number and share of EU external interventions promoting disability inclusion

2. Policy context and Rationale

Human rights, non-discrimination and equality of all persons form part of the international fundamental values which the European Union (EU) upholds in its relationship with partner countries, as set out in the Treaty on the European Union. The EU's policies, including on external action, are further guided by the EU Charter of Fundamental Rights. The fundamental rights are also enshrined in the European Convention on the Protection of Human Rights.

The EU became a party to the UN Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (CRPD) in January 2011, the first human rights convention signed by the EU. This means that the EU is committed to promoting, protecting and ensuring the full and equal enjoyment of all human rights and fundamental freedoms by all persons with disabilities, and to promoting respect for their inherent dignity. This entails ensuring a human rights based approach to the inclusion of persons with disabilities in all its activities, including its external cooperation.

In March 2021, the EU adopted a new disability strategy, Union of Equality: Strategy for the Rights of Persons with Disabilities 2021-2030 (EU disability strategy). This strategy commits the EU and its Member States to advancing equality for persons with disabilities in all external policies, programmes and actions.

3. Calculation of values

This indicator is included at Level 3 of the Global Europe Results Framework (GERF) and aims to report the annual number and share of EU funded external interventions promoting disability inclusion. Only interventions financed with funds from the Neighbourhood, Development and International Cooperation Instrument (NDICI) are included.

Technical definitions

In their reporting to the OECD Development Assistance Committee (DAC) Creditor Reporting System (CRS), donors are requested to indicate for each activity to what extent it targets disability inclusion and empowerment as one of its policy objectives.

The disability policy marker informs on how disability is mainstreamed into development cooperation and international partnerships policies and actions.

There are 3 possible scores:

Score 2 – Inclusion and empowerment of persons with disability is the principal objective
of the project/programme and is fundamental in its design and expected results. The
project/programme would not have been undertaken without the disability objective.

Version – June 2025 GERF 3.14

• Score 1 – Inclusion and empowerment of persons with disability is an important and deliberate objective, but not the principal reason for undertaking the project/programme.

• Score 0 - The project/programme has been screened against the marker but has not been found to target disability in any significant way.

Counting guidance

Data is sourced from the European Commission's internal systems.

The number and share are calculated as follows:

1. Calculation of number:

Count the number of Actions financed by the NDICI, with a commitment date (visa AOSD) between 1st of January and 31st of December of the reporting year, with a score of 1 or 2 for the OECD DAC CRS disability policy marker. No weighting is applied.

2. Calculation of share:

5. Other uses

Divide the number calculated in step 1 by the total number of Actions financed by the NDICI with a commitment date (visa AOSD) between 1st of January and 31st of December of the reporting year.

4. Corporate reporting & targets

The data collected on this indicator is accessible through DG INTPA's Statistical Dashboard, on the sheet dedicated to GERF Level 3 indicators.

Please indicate any targets that might exist for this indicator.

| 6. Other issues | | |
|-----------------|--|--|
| | | |