

Global Europe Results Framework Indicator Methodology Note

1. Indicator code and name
<p>GERF 3.9: Number and share of EU-funded external interventions responding to situations of new and/or emerging crisis</p>
2. Policy context and Rationale
<p>Crisis and emergency situations are major drivers of fragility, instability and human suffering, and they can rapidly reverse development gains. The EU therefore gives particular importance to timely and effective external action responding to new and/or emerging crises, as part of its broader commitment to resilience, stability and sustainable development in partner countries. Under the NDICI-Global Europe instrument, crisis response interventions represent an important component of the EU’s external action toolbox, and the EU is under strong reporting obligations to demonstrate how its funding is mobilised in response to urgent needs. Monitoring these interventions helps to understand whether EU support is effectively directed towards emergency response, whether it is aligned with policy priorities, and how the balance of resources committed and disbursed evolves over time. Systematic tracking of such interventions therefore strengthens accountability for the use of EU funds and provides an evidence base to inform programming, policy dialogue and operational adjustments in situations where needs are acute or rapidly changing.</p>
3. Calculation of values
<p>This indicator is included at Level 3 of the Global Europe Results Framework (GERF) and aims to report the annual number and share of EU funded external interventions responding to situations of new and/or emerging crisis, in terms of commitments and payments (separately). Only interventions financed with funds from the Neighbourhood, Development and International Cooperation Instrument (NDICI) are included.</p> <p><u>Technical definitions</u></p> <p>In their reporting to the OECD Development Assistance Committee (DAC) Creditor Reporting System (CRS), donors are requested to indicate for each activity the most relevant purpose codes.</p> <p>The purpose code 720 for Emergency Response covers the following aspects:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Material relief assistance and services • Basic Health Care Services in Emergencies • Education in emergencies • Emergency food assistance • Relief co-ordination and support services <p>The purpose code 152 for Conflict, Peace & Security covers the following aspects:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Security system management and reform • Civilian peace-building, conflict prevention and resolution

- Participation in international peacekeeping operations
- Reintegration and SALW control
- Removal of land mines and explosive remnants of warChild soldiers (prevention and demobilisation)

Counting guidance

Data is sourced from the European Commission’s internal systems.

The amount and share are calculated for commitments and payments, separately, excluding administrative costs not included elsewhere (OECD DAC CRS cooperation modality code G01), as follows:

1. Calculation of number:

Count the number of Actions financed by the NDICI, with a commitment date (visa AOSD) between 1st of January and 31st of December of the reporting year, and with an OECD DAC CRS purpose code of 720 for Emergency Response or 152 for Conflict, Peace & Security.

2. Calculation of share:

Divide the amount calculated in step 1 by the number of Actions financed by the NDICI, with a commitment date (visa AOSD) between 1st of January and 31st of December of the reporting year.

4. Corporate reporting & targets

The data collected on this indicator is accessible through the [Statistical Dashboard](#), on the sheet dedicated to GERF Level 3 indicators.

Please indicate any targets that might exist for this indicator.

5. Other uses

6. Other issues